THE OXFORD DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME 85. SOUTH PARIS, MAINE, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1918. NUMBER 40.

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OR MONEY REFUNDED ASK ANY DRUGGIST
2-44

Place For Sale
I offer for sale my homestead place, consisting of a large house, ell and stable, centrally located in the village of Paris Hill.
E. B. CURTIS, Paris Hill.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

AMONG THE FARMERS.

"SPEED THE PLOW."

Correspondence on practical agricultural topic is solicited. Address all communications intended for this department to HENRY D HAMMOND, Agricultural Editor Oxford Democrat, Paris, Me.

Seed Bed Preparation.

Soils either fertilized or unfertilized never produce those large crops which are now a military necessity unless the seed bed is properly prepared. Proper seed bed preparation means the right kind of distribution of the fertilizer, the right kind of plowing, the right kind of harrowing or discing, and the right kind of pulverizing and packing. All these must be done in the right way in order that the seed may germinate and the plant come up quickly and then be able to obtain the food and water which are in the soil. The food in lumps and clods is largely unusable and represents a waste of land.

Plants must have their food in the liquid form, and most of the food is taken from the plowed layer. This means that water must continually rise from the subsoil into the plowed layer to dissolve more food and supply the plant. While water may be obtained from the subsoil by deeper roots, yet if the plowed layer becomes too dry the plant's main food supply is cut off. When the seed bed is properly prepared, water rises to the plowed layer by capillarity like oil in a lamp wick, from depths as great as four or five feet. When bunches of manure or straw are plowed under or the plowed layer is not packed sufficiently, there result numerous breaks in the capillary ladder which prevent the rise of the water from the subsoil to the plowed layer where it is needed. Not only do plants need water to dissolve plant food but they also require enormous quantities for other purposes. In the production of a bushel of corn 150 barrels of water pass up through the plants that produce this corn. In the case of oats 175 barrels are required per bushel. It is only after proper seed bed preparation that the soil is capable of storing and then delivering these large quantities of water needed by all plants.

THE PRIMARY ESSENTIALS.

The essentials of a good seed bed are a thoroughly pulverized and compacted plowed layer provided with a fine loose surface or mulch about two inches deep. Many farmers make the grave mistake in thinking that the whole plowed layer should be loose and mellow. Only the surface mulch should be in this condition in order to prevent evaporation, baking, and cracking. The soil below the mulch where seed is planted should be a firm, uniform mass in order that the seed may be in close contact with the soil and thus get the water needed for germination. The plant roots must also come in close contact with the soil in order to get the water and food needed for growth.

In general, to prepare a good seed bed proceed as follows: If manure has been applied this should be thoroughly scattered before plowing. Discing before plowing is often very beneficial when farm manure or green manuring crops are plowed under since it greatly helps to mix the manure with the soil. This mixing prevents the formation of a loose layer between the surface soil and subsoil which would act as a break in the capillary ladder. The plowing should be so done that all the soil is cut and turned. As soon as possible after plowing the soil should be pulverized and then compacted, preferably with a corrugated roller. A mulch should then be provided for by harrowing. The earlier the plowing can be done the better, since this gives the soil a chance to settle and also gives time for killing weeds which is especially important in seed bed preparation for corn. The general principles which have been given apply to all soils. The different kinds of soils, however, have certain peculiarities which make it necessary to handle them somewhat differently as will now be indicated.

TREATMENT FOR DIFFERENT SOILS.

Farmers generally know that clay soils should not be plowed or worked when they are too wet, since that causes a breaking down of the much desired crumb structure which results in a puddled condition and later in a lumpy and very hard condition. When a soil has once gotten into this condition it takes several years to bring it back to a good physical state. Incorporation of organic matter and lime when needed greatly help the physical condition of these soils. Aside from danger of puddling, proper seed bed preparation with clay and silt loam soils is easily accomplished by following the general principles which have already been outlined.

Proper plowing, thorough discing and dragging, and compacting with a heavy corrugated roller or culti-packer are the important factors in the preparation of the seed bed for both marsh and sandy soils. Many farmers realize the importance of these factors, but others plant their crops, especially on the lighter soils, with as little labor as is necessary to cover the seed with a little soil. It is sometimes said that "if the average farmer's wife prepared her husband's bed as poorly as the farmer prepares his seed bed he would sue her for divorce," yet the farmer expects Mother Nature to produce bountifully without any assistance on his part.

PLOWING.

On the lighter sandy soils spring plowing is preferable to fall plowing. On these soils a cover crop should protect the soil during the fall, winter, and spring. This cover crop may be clover sod, fall sown rye, or a new seeding of clover or alfalfa. Corn or potatoes should always be planted on sod, if possible, and the field plowed two or three weeks before planting the corn or potatoes. The depth of the plowing on sandy soils will vary with local conditions. As a rule do not plow deeper than five or six inches and maintain a firmly packed soil beneath the plow, that is, do not break up the hardened layer by plowing deeply one year and shallow the next year. On the sandy soils underlaid by clay or on sandy loam soils fall plowing is sometimes preferable.

On peat or muck soils early fall plowing is preferable to spring plowing. When breaking new marsh lands plowing in midsummer has given better yields than late fall plowing. The depth of plowing will again depend on local conditions. New land must not be plowed too deep. As the soil decays it may be plowed deeper gradually until the seed bed is about 8 inches deep.

DISCING AND DRAGGING.

Many farmers say that sandy soil does not require discing but experiments indicate that plant food must be made available by thorough cultivation even on sandy soil. Discing not only places the soil in better tilth but also firms the soil which is very essential. All fields plowed should be double disced.

On peat and muck lands a cutaway disc harrow which goes into the soil more thoroughly is recommended. Two or three discings are very necessary to break up the fibrous tissues, aerate the soil, and promote bacterial action. In other words, these soils cannot be worked too much. A mulch obtained with the aid of a harrow should always be maintained on the surface on all soils to conserve moisture as well as to kill weeds. This can best be done by cultivating every week until the field is planted.

COMPACTING.

Both sand and peat soils must be packed firmly to succeed in growing crops successfully. All food which the plant secures must be dissolved in water, so large supplies of moisture must be present in the soil at all times. Loose soils dry out quickly. Both sand and peat soils are naturally very loose, and therefore compacting proves very beneficial.

The most efficient machine on the market to-day for firming the soil is a culti-packer or corrugated roller. This machine packs the lower soil and leaves a somewhat more loose layer of soil on the surface to serve as a mulch, which breaks up capillary action and conserves moisture. On light sandy soils it also leaves the field rough thus preventing the blowing of sand by wind. On marsh or peaty soils, rolling both before and after seeding is preferable. On sandy soils the field may be packed either before or after seeding.—Wisconsin Journal of Soil Improvement.

Produce More Milk, and Use More.

Take a big tablespoon. Place in it about three-fourths of an ounce of butter and about one-sixth of an ounce of cheese, together with slightly less than half an ounce of ice cream. Swallow the contents of the spoon, and wash them down with milk of a quantity just under a pint. When you have done this you will have partaken of the daily average portion of dairy products to the inhabitants of the United States, based on the production records of 1917.

"It would be laughable were it not so pitiful," writes a dairy specialist of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. "Something like a dose of medicine to be gulped down in one dose!

"American people do not begin to eat enough dairy products for their own good. Let's get together, produce the very best goods possible and then start such a well organized campaign of education that all may have the correct knowledge of milk value. Remember, it took the farmers to fire 'the shot heard round the world.'"

NATURE'S CHOSEN FOOD.

Mother Nature gave milk and milk products to the world. She supplies milk to the helpless infant, struggling for strength, and as well to the octogenarian, trying to retain or regain it. The value of milk as a producer of health and strength is recognized everywhere, but despite this the quantity of milk and milk products available daily for the average inhabitant of this country would be far less than enough to meet the specifications for a good square meal with round corners.

Granted that some people drink a quart or two of milk every day, use far more than three-fourths of an ounce of butter on their hot biscuits or toast or sweet potatoes or whatnot, eat twenty or more times as much cheese as is coming to them on the basis of averages, and are regular patrons of the ice cream man. They are hardly to be blamed for that. They like milk and its products, and doubtless they never stop to think that they are eating the shares of other people. And they are to be blamed not at all when it is known that the demand for dairy products in this country has never been so continuously great that there has been a lasting shortage in production.

The Department of Agriculture is engaged not only in encouraging the production of milk and milk products, but their use. It hopes, through this double-barreled campaign, to save more of the meat needed for shipment overseas, and also to make it sure that at the end of the war dairy production and use of dairy products will be greater in this country than ever before.

Value of 100 Pounds of Milk.

From 100 pounds of skim milk 15 pounds of cottage cheese may be made, with a protein value equal to 22.5 pounds of pork. In other words, a quart of skim milk makes more than a third of a pound of cottage cheese. When a hundred pounds of skim milk is fed to a pig the skim milk is converted into about 4.8 pounds of dressed pork, when combined with other feeds to the best advantage. For every hundred pounds of skim milk fed to pigs instead of used for human food in the form of cottage cheese, there is a food loss equivalent to the protein in 17.7 pounds of meat. That is not all; after the manufacture of cottage cheese, the whey remains and is available for stock feed. From 100 pounds of skim milk made into cottage cheese there is a residue of about 80 pounds of whey, which is regarded as having a feeding value of about half that of skim milk, and on that basis, when properly combined with other feeds, will produce 1.9 pounds of pork. So, by making cottage cheese and feeding the whey to pigs, the human food produced from 100 pounds of skim milk has the same protein value as 24.4 pounds of meat, or 19.6 pounds more than when all the skim milk is fed to pigs.

"Watering the Milk."

The aged joke about the milkman who was wont to increase the product of his cows by frequent manipulations of the pump handle has served its day, and it is hoped that no basis for it exists. But it is still true, and always will be true, that the milking cow requires plenty of water. The water, however, is given to the cow, and is not administered directly to the milk.

Stale or impure water is distasteful to the cow, and she will not drink enough for maximum milk production. Such water may carry disease germs and make the milk unsafe for human use or be dangerous to the cow.

In cold weather, when cows are stabled most of the time, they should be watered two or three times a day unless arrangements have been made to keep water before them constantly. If possible, the water should be 15 or 20 degrees above the freezing point, and should be supplied at practically the same temperature every day.

Tim says that horse production has been greatly reduced in the past two years. Buyers who are much in the country say there are not so many foals as usual this year, and not so many yearlings. Prices have been advancing steadily. War interfered with horse-breeding operations in France and Great Britain and drew heavily on their existing supply. It is reported that in Great Britain heavy draft geldings, such as are selling in the United States at $300 to $325, are bringing from $800 to $1,000 each. Tractors are being used in hauling munitions and drawing artillery because enough horses cannot be secured for that work. There will be large shipments of horses abroad after the war, which will take some of our heaviest and best animals.

It is refreshing to have a man like Lloyd Taylor, one of the leaders in the National security league issue a warning about the shortage in farm labor. This city man pays a tribute to patriotic farmers who everywhere are doing what they can to increase their production. He repeats the warning as to the scarcity of labor for cultivating and harvesting crops. Mr. Taylor says a government organization should be worked out to insure the saving of the crops now growing, so that nothing may be wasted. He suggests that each plot of land planted in excess of the farmer's ordinary acreage should be identified as a Liberty plot, by placing the flag on it—another good idea.

Respect for His Herd.

"Dairyman Higgins got in bed with his rich uncle from St. Louis, that visited him last week."

"How was that?"

"The old goat asked to look over the family album. Higgins handed it to him, and it was full of photografs of his prize cows."

PRESIDENT WILSON TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Again the Government comes to the people of the country with the request that they lend their money, and lend it upon a more liberal scale than ever before, in order that the great war for the rights of America and the liberation of the world may be prosecuted with ever increasing vigor to a victorious conclusion. And it makes the appeal with the greatest confidence because it knows that every day it becomes clearer and clearer to thinking men throughout the nation that the winning of the war is an essential investment. The money that is held back now will be of little use or value if the war is not won and the selfish masters of Germany are permitted to dictate what America may and may not do. Men in America, besides, have from the first willingly dedicated both their lives and their fortunes to the vindication and maintenance of the great principles and objects for which our Government was set up. They will not fail now to show the world for what these wealth was intended.

Woodrow Wilson

ORGANIZE TO FIGHT

Baboons Make War Very Much as Do Human Beings.

Ample Proof That Intelligent Beasts Recognize the Value of Co-operation—Also Capable of Self-Sacrifice in Aiding the Young.

If we are to credit the testimony on the subject offered by naturalists, man is not the only animal who carries on his warfare by means of organized bands, and calls in the forces of nature to assist him. There have been witnessed in Africa fights that were conducted in as orderly a manner as if the warriors had been really men, instead of only somewhat like them in form, i. e., baboons.

One naturalist was stoned out of a pass in a very few minutes by these creatures, who sprang upon ledges and stones, looked down for a few moments on the valley, growling, snarling and screaming, and then began to roll down stones with so much vigor and adroitness that the intruders took to flight. The baboons evidently knew the value of co-operation, for the naturalist saw two of them combine their efforts in order to set a particularly heavy stone rolling. One monkey, bent on making the most of his missile, was seen to carry a stone up a tree, that he might hurl it with greater force.

Once, while some baboons were crossing a valley, they were attacked by dogs, and, as is usual during a march, the females and young were in the center, the males heading the column and bringing up in the rear. As the dogs rushed upon them the males turned and faced their enemies, growling, beating the ground with their hands, and opening their mouths wide, so as to show their glittering teeth. They looked so fierce and malignant that the dogs—Arab greyhounds, accustomed to fight successfully with hyenas and other beasts of prey—shrank back. By the time they had been encouraged to renew the attack, the whole herd had made their way, covered by the rear guard, to the rocks, one six-months-old monkey excepted.

This little monkey sat on a rock surrounded by the dogs; but he was not long left in his perilous position. An old baboon stepped from a cliff near by, advanced toward the dogs, keeping them in check by threatening gestures and sounds, picked up the baby monkey, and carried it to a place of safety on the cliff, while the whole crowd of baboons watched the act of heroism and shouted their battle cry.

Respect "Self-Made" Man.

Everybody likes and respects self-made men. It is a great deal better to be made in that way than not to be made at all.—Hebron.

3,000,000 BUTTONS FOR FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN

FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN

Three million buttons for the "Fighting Fourth" Liberty Loan is the order of the New England Committee. This is 50% more than were used in the Third Loan, and the aim of the Organization is to see that every buyer of a bond in the Fourth Loan has a Button and wears it.

No one thing brings home to the people as a whole the fact that all members of the community are taking a share in the Loan more effectively than the general and conspicuous wearing of the button. In many communities and establishments a 100% subscription was secured more easily because of the open demonstration by the wearing of buttons that participation was reaching every person.

The new button is smaller than the earlier ones, but equally effective. On a dark blue ground is carried a flag of red with four blue stripes, the Honor Flag of the Loan, and the words "Fourth Liberty Loan."

The buttons will be distributed by Banks, bond salesmen, industrial establishments, and all places where subscriptions are taken. They will be ready in ample supply the opening day of the Loan, Sept. 28th and free and constant wearing of the buttons will be the best and most convincing proof of aid in placing the Loan.

Died at Post of Duty.

During the storms the early part of the year, which marines say were the severest known on the coast, the United States navy suffered the loss of the big ocean-going tug Cherokee. This vessel was manned entirely by members of the naval reserve. Caught in a terrific sea the tug foundered and was lost. It was at this time on an important duty for the Washington navy yard to get guns to an Atlantic fort. Among the men who met a heroic death at this time was a lieutenant (junior grade), E. D. Newell, U. S. N. R. F., commanding officer.

Grand Army of Ministers.

Over 60,000 ministers of the Gospel of various denominations are with the allies in France. About 20,000 are with the Red Cross; the rest are in the ranks.—People's Home Journal.

JOKE WAS ON SALOON MAN

Wet Goods Dealer Found That Bundle He So Obligingly Kept for Customer Had Its Uses.

Aren't the master workmen of the wet goods establishments easy marks? That is what the gentry who live by their wits are asking each other. They know that the proprietor of a wet goods establishment loses his mental balance and is completely disarmed when he is invited to have a drink. Recently two husky-looking individuals entered a Forty-second street suds emporium. One of the party carried an enormous bundle, which he placed on the top of the mahogany. They both called for a drink.

"Well, it is hopeful that my wife will stop her nagging about the cold weather and being cold when I carry this home," said the man who carried the bundle.

At the end of the bar stood the proprietor of the wet goods establishment. He seemed curious, so the two men invited him to have a drink, which was accepted. One of them explained that he had the finest pair of wool blankets that was ever sheared from the backs of sheep in the package.

"Feel for yourself," he said, as he unfastened one end of the bundle.

The proprietor felt and acknowledged that they were the simon pure wool article.

"I'm taking them home to my wife," said the owner. "She has been kicking about being cold."

Then they had another round of liquids.

"Well, I must be on my way," said the man, as he picked up the bundle.

"Why don't you leave them here until you start for home?" interposed his companion.

"Good idea," he said. And turning to the owner of the cafe he asked if he could leave the bundle.

"Sure," said the proprietor, "but you had better write your name on it to avoid any mistake."

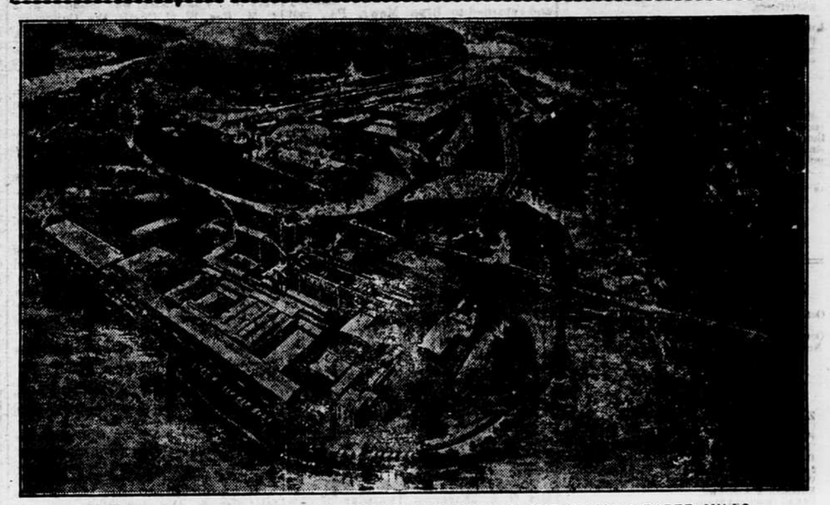
Twelve o'clock came around and the man hadn't called for his bundle. "I can see that fellow getting more h—l when he goes home tonight," said the proprietor as he turned the key in the door.

The next day the owner of the cafe was the first on the job. He took a survey of the wet goods and then went to the rear of the store, where the safe was. Here was a surprise for him. He found the door of his burglar-proof safe neatly reposing on the pair of downy blankets, which had been used to muffle the sound of the explosion.—New York Times.

Concrete Ship in Norway.

Commercial Agent Norman L. Anderson reports the launching of a 600-ton concrete ship from the Fougner yards at Moss, Norway. The ship has four water-tight compartments; the engine, a 220 horsepower Bolinder motor, is placed aft. The boat has two large holds and two hatches, each equipped with a two-ton motor winch.

A Bustling Business Community Created by the Development of the Great Water Power at Rumford Falls



INDUSTRIAL RUMFORD FALLS—THE INTERNATIONAL AND OXFORD PAPER MILLS

How a Hamlet of Four Houses Became a Town of 10,000 Population

Unique Features of a Manufacturing Centre - Attractive Houses and a Community Club House

A stranger visiting the busy and prosperous town of Rumford Falls, is immediately impressed by many unusual conditions rarely found in a manufacturing community. The substantial business blocks, containing good stores, banks and offices are perhaps to be expected, but a glance around the residential sections brings an exclamation of surprise.

VIEW OF RUMFORD FALLS IN 1890.

Here on wide streets and in a unique park are to be found a class of dwellings of a character and elegance foreign to most places whose population is so largely made up of mechanics and their families. Attractive brick residences with ample grounds shaded by trees native to the soil are the rule. The stranger learns from his guide that these fine homes are occupied by the operatives of the great paper mills and that giving to the community unusual attractiveness and to the workers superior homes was the fulfillment of the splendid conception of the founder of the community, the late Hugh J. Chisholm.

It was here that about the year 1890 Mr. Chisholm set about to build an industrial community that will ever be a lasting memorial to his indomitable energy and pluck. He saw in the development of this great natural waterfall on the Androscoggin, the possibilities which today are realities.

But those who know Rumford Falls only as a well established and busy town, have but slight conception of the tireless energy, the far sighted vision, the exercise of supreme faith under discouragements, and the wearing care by which the transformation from the little hamlet to the bustling business community was accomplished.

A natural waterfall may be beautiful to the eye, its grandeur may hold us with awe, but until the power of the water is harnessed no industrial advantage ensues. It is of no use even to build a dam and direct the waters to the installed waterwheels unless some enterprise may be had to utilize that power. Through Mr. Chisholm's efforts capital was secured to construct dams with which to develop the 180 ft. water falls at this place and to build a large pulp and paper mill which is now one of the important units of the International Paper Company. But a paper mill without railroad facilities would be practically useless, so the added task of bringing the rails to Rumford Falls was made necessary. The Rumford Falls & Buckfield R. R. was bought, and extensions made at either end having Rumford Falls as the northern terminal and the Maine Central R. R. at Rumford Junction the southern end. This extended and improved road became known as the Portland & Rumford Falls R. R.

Having thus overcome the great difficulties of the beginnings of the town, Mr. Chisholm pressed on and on, and later was instrumental in establishing the great Continental Paper Bag mill and still later that noteworthy industrial organization known as the Oxford Paper mill.

To show the importance of the result of the development of the water power at Rumford Falls and its meaning to the State of Maine, it is necessary to compare the conditions at that place before the late Mr. Chisholm began his masterly work of converting an insignificant settlement into a prosperous town. Previous to the year 1890 at the "Falls" proper there were but three or four farm dwellings and a blacksmith shop. In the entire town of Rumford there were 241 poll taxpayers and the total estate, real and personal, was valued at $280,464.00. In the town of Mexico adjacent to Rumford and now really a part of the industrial community, there were in 1890, 104 poll taxpayers, and the total valuation, both real and personal, was $105,083.00. In 1917 these two small towns have grown to a community of about 10,000 inhabitants, Rumford Falls having 2640 poll taxpayers, and Mexico, 833, while the combined valuation is $5,848,660.00.

Here is an illustration of the accomplishments of private initiative and enterprise. As a result of it there is distributed in weekly wage a payroll of $60,000—or $3,000,000 each year by the corporations owing their existence and being to the development of a great natural resource of our State. Thousands of dollars in taxes are paid to the State each year by these corporations and the consequent domestic and mercantile life of the community.

Want of space forbids extended and detailed accounts concerning the various activities of this community, for building a town involves many important features in addition to erecting power plants and establishing industries. That the needs of this community were met by liberal donations of land for streets, churches, schools, and parks is in keeping with the farsightedness of Mr. Chisholm whose vision did not stop with industrial development. He recognized the fact that a contented workman with happy home surroundings is not attained simply by the weekly pay roll.

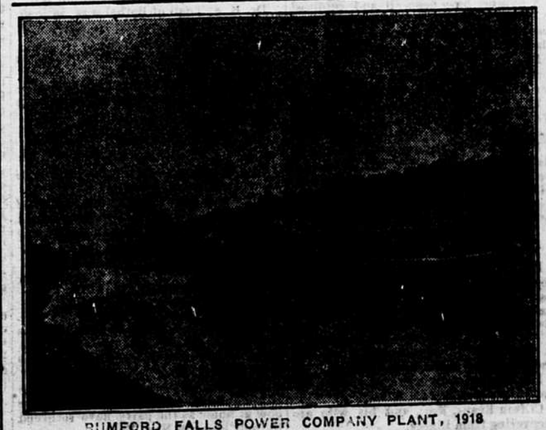
The remarkable character of the dwellings erected for housing the workmen of the great manufacturing industries has been supplemented by a judicious regard for recreation and relaxation from toil that should be at once clean and uplifting. To this end there has been erected on the main business street a spacious Club House known as the Rumford Mechanics Institute where young and old may and do meet in social intercourse and healthful sport. The club is maintained by a large membership of citizens augmented by generous assistance of the corporations of the town.

TYPICAL HOMES OF RUMFORD FALLS

The characteristic energy of the original founder has descended to younger but equally energetic hands, and the same desire to utilize every natural advantage and to create added industries to utilize added development is constantly manifest.

Among the noteworthy accomplishments of recent date should be mentioned the construction of the Great Aziscohos Dam at Magalloway ¼ interest in which is owned by the Rumford Falls Power Company and which development materially increases the available power at Rumford Falls. This new source of power has made possible the re-building of the Rumford Falls Power Company Dam, and the installation of new equipment that gives an additional 10,000 h. p. to the former capacity. 3,000 h. p. of this new development is to be utilized by a new industry known as the Maine Power Sales Company. This plant for making Ferro-silicon has just been completed and started operating.

To such loyal sons of Maine are we in everlasting debt. No measure of success attained by them is unmerited, for in acquiring a competency for themselves they have given most generously to the public good, and have created opportunity and wealth to thousands of individuals as well as added millions to the valuation of our common inheritance.



RUMFORD FALLS POWER COMPANY PLANT, 1918

Read Up on Civil War.

One of the peculiar facts concerning the entrance of America into the war the stimulus given to reading and discussion of the American Civil war. The perusal of Civil war histories in England has become almost a mania and more books treating of the great conflict have been sold in England in one year than in America during the last ten years.

The reason is simple: England and the allies generally "want a line" on the American as a fighting man. The Spanish-American war failed as an adequate criterion because we had Spain so hopelessly outclassed from the beginning. But some of the greatest battles in the history of the world were fought in the Civil war. The percentage of death losses in actual battle were higher than that of any other war ever fought. The verdict seems to be that Americans know a good deal about the sanguinary business of killing.

Stole Sugar by Bucketfuls.

Sugar thieves employed an ingenious method the other day at Launceston, Australia. A quantity of sugar had been bought for export but, ships not being immediately available, it was decided to store the stuff at the port. Accordingly huts were built on the wharves, but as the decking had shrunk somewhat, tarpaulins were first laid down, and then the sugar bags placed on this. The doors were locked, and a watchman placed in charge. When the time came to empty the sheds the bottom tier of bags were found flat and empty, with a slit in the under side. Each slit corresponded with one in the tarpaulin directly over spaces in the planking. The method of the sugar thieves was simple. When the tide was about half-way up the piles, a boat was taken under the wharves as near as possible to the stores, and then it was only a matter of crawling over the ties, knife and bucket in hand, until the right spot was reached.

Boss' Leisure Reported.

On several occasions, says Popular Science Monthly, when an executive's assistant desired to converse with his superior the former was busy on the telephone, so he had to wait.

To open the door every few minutes for the purpose of looking in or to have the operator notify you when the receiver has been hung up is both annoying and time-consuming. A private concern has installed an inexpensive device which eliminates the embarrassment.

The executive's telephone has an extra connection which automatically lights a small blue light at the assistant's office when the former is using his phone. As soon as the executive hangs up the receiver the light goes out and the assistant knows that his superior is accessible.

This device, which is very inexpensive, consists of two pieces connected with wires which run through the cord to the assistant's office.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

The Oxford Democrat.

ISSUED TUESDAYS.

South Paris, Maine, October 1, 1918

ATWOOD & FORBES,

Editors and Proprietors.

GEORGE M. ATWOOD. A. R. FORBES.

TERMS:—$1.50 a year if paid strictly in advance. Otherwise $2.00 a year. Single copies 4 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS:—All legal advertisements are given three consecutive insertions for $1.50 per inch in length of column. Special contracts made with local, transient and yearly advertisers.

JOB PRINTING:—New type, fast presses, electric power, experienced workmen and low prices combine to make this department of our business complete and popular.

SINGLE COPIES.

Single copies of THE DEMOCRAT are four cents each. They will be mailed on receipt of price by the publishers or for the convenience of patrons single copies of each issue have been placed on sale at the following places in the County:

South Paris, Howard's Drug Store.
Shurtleff's Drug Store.
Norway, Noyes Drug Store.
Stone's Drug Store.
Buckfield, A. L. Newton, Postmaster.
Paris Hill, Helen R. Cole, Post Office.
West Paris, Samuel T. White.

Coming Events.

Oct. 1—Oxford Pomona Grange, with Frederick Robie Grange, Oilsfield.
Oct. 1, 2, 3—West Oxford fair, Fryeburg.
Nov. 19, 20, 21—Maine State Pomological Society, Portland.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Z. L. Merchant.
Chas. H. Howard Co.
Paris Trust Co.
Kemp's Balsam.
B. F. Adkins.
2 Probate Appointments.
Wanted.
Eastman & Andrews.
Rexall One Cent Store.
Bankruptcy Notice.
Dr. Austin Tenney.

A Government Order.

The War Industries Board has ordered that all newspapers discontinue sending papers to subscribers after the date of expiration unless renewed and paid for in advance. This ruling goes into effect on October 1st, and accordingly, we will be forced to comply with the order.

A great many of our subscribers are in arrears to whom we have always extended credit and would gladly continue doing so except for this order of the War Industries Board.

We would regret parting company with any subscriber and are therefore requesting all those indebted to make an early settlement. We shall wait a reasonable time for a settlement before discontinuing the subscription. Look at the slip on your paper and see to what date it is paid. The figures "19" mean paid to Jan. 1, 1919, and the name of a month preceding the figures means that it is paid to that month of the year indicated by the two figures; for example "Feb. 17" means paid to Feb. 1, 1917, and "Nov. 18" means Nov. 1, 1918. Where no month is given, Jan. 1st is meant—so the figures "17" or "18" mean Jan. 1, 1917, or Jan. 1, 1918.

Guarding Against Influenza.

The rapid extension around the world of the so-called Spanish Influenza, and the rather high mortality rates which have followed its path in many places has led the State Department of Health to issue a two-page leaflet on "Guarding Against Influenza."

This leaflet teaches that influenza, or grippe as we often call it, is one of those diseases in which the infection is given off in the secretions from the nose, throat and air passages of those who are sick and that the infection is transmitted to other persons by the droplets sprayed into the air in coughing and sneezing, by things used in common, such as cups, spoons, forks, and towels. In schools the disease may be spread rapidly by books, pencils and drinking cups used in common.

The persons who are endangered by the infection are those who come in pretty close contact or association with infectious persons, or enter rooms, vehicles and other enclosed spaces infected by them. There is no danger of infection in the open air, save in very close contact with infectious persons.

PERSONAL SAFEGUARDS.

The advice given by the Department for avoiding the infection is to cut out unnecessary visits to public places and unnecessary travel. Walk if you can do so instead of taking a street car. Do not visit persons who show the symptoms of grippe or of a cold if you can well avoid doing so; and do not give a cordial reception to persons showing such symptoms who unnecessarily obtrude their presence upon you. Be particularly careful not to use drinking cups used by others or towels or anything else used in common.

RULES FOR THE SICK ONE AND THE SICK-ROOM.

The room should be well ventilated and slightly warmed in cold weather. It is safer for the sick one to take his bed early, to call his physician and not to leave his room too soon, for there is much danger of serious complications, such as broncho-pneumonia which frequently ends fatally.

Secretions from the nose and throat should be received on pieces of paper or pieces of cotton cloth and burned promptly. Save as carefully as possible clothing and other things about the patient from being soiled. There is danger not only from the sputum and nasal discharges, but contaminated articles, soon after drying, whisk infectious dust into the room when shaken or moved too vigorously. Aside from the danger of aerial transmission for only a few feet from the sick one and in the infectious room, the infection may easily be transmitted by the fingers. Careful washing of the hands should not be neglected after the attendant has contaminated them by contact with the infectious secretions from the patient or the things used by him.

GENERAL MEASURES.

While a general quarantine seems impracticable, pupils with grippe or colds, particularly when grippe in severe form is present, should be excluded from the schools. The infection of influenza is shortlived, so no disinfection, particularly no fumigation, is required, but there should be thorough cleansing, and the disinfection by boiling of the things which have been contaminated and can thus be treated.

Here and There.

Frank L. Dingley, editor of the Lewiston Journal, who died at his home in Auburn on the 21st of September, had been on the Journal for fifty-seven years, with a break during that time of only one year, when he was on the Boston Journal under contract with Frank A. Munsey, the owner of that paper. At the expiration of the year he did not renew the contract, but returned immediately to his work on the Lewiston Journal. It is no disparagement to Mr. Dingley, nor any violation of the "de mortuis nil nisi bonum" principle, to say that he rode his hobbies hard, in politics and all other departments of life, even to the extent of being considered "cranky" by some. Nor is it in any degree incorrect to say, as must be admitted, that he was one of the brainiest newspaper men in this part of the country.

According to a well informed Bangor steamboat officer, there is little danger from U-boats to the steamers that play up and down the Maine coast, including the boats from this city to Boston. The reason is ascribed to the fact that the rocky bottom along the Maine coast makes it inadvisable for the U-boats to carry on their operations off the Pine Tree State. He says that the reason they are working so much along the Jersey and Delaware coast is because of the sandy bottom which permits them to submerge quickly without trouble. If they submerged quickly along the Maine coast, a rock might rip a hole through the U-boat.

THE OXFORD BEARS.

THE DOINGS OF THE WEEK IN ALL SECTIONS OF THE COUNTY.

Paris Hill.

Services at Paris Hill Baptist church every Sunday at 10:45. Pulpit supplied by Rev. A. J. Gywnne. Sunday School at 12. Sunday evening service at 7:30. Thursday evening prayer meeting at 8 o'clock.

If it was the "line storm" it certainly took a remarkably long time to cross the line. It gave us a very wet two weeks.

Miss Sara E. Nieman of Washington, D. C., has been taking a vacation at her summer home here the past week. Miss Nieman holds an important position at the American Red Cross headquarters in Washington.

Prof. and Mrs. Wm. Roy Smith closed their summer home here and also the work of the Colburn Garden Cannery and returned to Bryn Mawr, Pa., last Wednesday.

Mrs. Brinckle, who has spent the summer in this village, returned last week to her home in Wilmington, Del.

Mrs. Benjie Doe, who has spent the summer at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Slattery, left here last Thursday to join her husband in Buffalo, N. Y., where he is employed in an aeroplane factory.

A. Guy Bennett of Point Anne, Ontario, was the week-end guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bennett. Mr. Bennett is one of the Paris boys who has "made good." He is superintendent of a very large industry in Canada and on this trip came to Quebec to purchase locomotives for his company and incidentally comes to visit his parents over Sunday.

Preparation is being made for an extensive job of grading around the new summer residence of Miss Mary P. Burchfield. When completed Miss Burchfield will have one of the finest summer places in town.

A very generous response has been made to the call by the local Red Cross for clothing for the refugees of Belgium and Northern France, and, as usual, Paris Hill will probably exceed its quota.

The Sunshine Club will meet with Mrs. O. A. Thayer on Thursday of this week. It is hoped as many members as possible will be present.

The monthly meeting of the Library Association will be held at the Library Wednesday, Oct. 2, at 4 P. M.

After this week the Library will be oped Wednesday afternoon and Wednesday evening instead of Monday afternoon and Wednesday evening.

On account of the influenza epidemic, there will be no dance Friday evening as had been advertised.

Fred W. Shaw arrived home from Portland Saturday and will remain here a few days to harvest his crops.

Robert York, who has been employed for several months at the Rice & Hutchins shoe factory in South Braintree, Mass., arrived home last week for a visit of a few days to his mother, Mrs. Etta C. York.

Howard R. Cole, who is confined in the hospital at Camp Devens, was reported better in a letter received by relatives Saturday. His case had not then been determined to be influenza.

While the response to the call for clothing for the Belgians has been generous, there is still room for more but it must be brought to the Red Cross rooms by Tuesday noon.

Buckfield.

The Red Cross fair was postponed from Thursday to Friday, and was a big success in every way. The hall was filled with an interesting display of things from various foreign countries, and fancy work of all sorts, fruits, vegetables and canned goods. Quantities of fruits and vegetables were contributed for sale, and with midway attractions, a fine auto parade, movie shows and pulling matches for horses and cattle, and a large crowd of people who were good spenders, made a fair that was a big money maker. Accounts have not been made up, but nearly five hundred dollars will be realized.

The body of Charlie H. Rowe was brought here Saturday morning from Camp Devens, where he died of influenza Thursday. Mr. Rowe went from South Paris with the September quota. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Mordaunt L. Rowe and the eldest of eight children. Graduate of Buckfield High School, member of Mountain Grange, and a fine fellow who made and kept a host of friends. Quantities of flowers and words of sympathy and regard on all sides attested the esteem in which he was held by all who knew him.

"The Jordans" gave the first, and a very fine entertainment, in the course to be given here by the Colt-Alber Lyceum Bureau Friday night to a crowded house.

The pupils of Etta Andrews Mitchell gave a recital at Nezinecot Hall Saturday afternoon.

Mildred Shaw is at home for a few weeks' vacation.

Schools began Monday.

Hebron.

The football game here the 21st between Rumford High School and Hebron scored 12 to 0 in favor of Hebron.

The lecture here Tuesday evening by Donald B. MacMillan, the Arctic explorer, was very interesting and had a large attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Stearns, their son and his wife, of Paris, and Miss Haddon of New York, called on H. K Stearns Sunday.

Miss Fry, who has been boarding in the place since June, left for her home in Jersey City Monday.

Norman Richardson took Mrs. Melcher and Miss Annie Glover to Portland Monday. Miss Glover will be the guest of Mrs. W. E. Atwood for a week.

Mrs. Marshall Field returned to her home in Woodsville, Vt., Tuesday.

Miss Fannie Thompson went to her home in Auburn Wednesday.

Mrs. Henry Pinkham and Miss Louise are here at their summer home for a few days.

Norway Lake.

A number have been ill and confined to their beds in the past week, Mrs. Eunice Watson, Mrs. John Wood and Clara Harwood being among the number.

Mrs. J. S. Smith has been at Waterford the past week helping to care for her father and mother, who are ill.

Wesley and Ralph Tucker and Donald Wood are working in the corn shop at East Waterford.

Mrs. Winifred Pottle, who has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. Lottie Crane, went Wednesday to Auburn where she will visit with her daughter, Mrs. Ira Hewison, before returning to her work in Framingham, Mass.

Hiram.

Fred Hartford of East Hiram, now at home on a furlough from Camp Devens, lost an ox by lightning Sept. 20th. He was offered $525 for the pair at the Cornish fair in August.

The registrars, Charles Cotton and Eli C. Wadsworth, are attending to the questionnaires at the town house.

Mrs. Ruth Goodwin and Mrs. Clara M. Cotton are in poor health.

Clifton Evans, Esq., and his wife are recovering from illness.

James D. Wilder, a pensioner from the regular army, is at home for a few weeks from the U. S. soldiers' home, Washington, D. C.

Robert K. Brazier, our oldest citizen, is recovering from a severe illness.

Hon. John G. Woolley, the eloquent temperance orator, who speaks to-night at the Congregational church, will find Maine a wet state after the pouring rain of twenty-four hours.

Locke's Mills.

Charlie Mason is going to move his family to Bryant's Pond the first of October, as the house he now occupies has been sold to Ira Brown of Hanover.

Mrs. Milford Phelps expects to return to her home soon. She has been at a private hospital in South Portland for seven weeks, taking treatment for her face.

J. L. Marshall is having the roof of Camp Echo repaired. Alton Bacon of Bryant's Pond is doing the work.

Mrs. Mary Bartlett has had cement steps made in front of her house. Harry Swift and Azel did the work.

Charlotte and Elizabeth Cummings were at Bryant's Pond Wednesday to take their music lesson of Mrs. Brickett.

Bethel.

Miss Cleo Russell, who has been post office clerk for a long time, and very efficient, has resigned her position there and is to be a clerk in the bank. Miss Ida Packard, who has been our very efficient telephone girl for a number of years, is to be the post office clerk. Miss Mona Martyn is to be the new telephone girl.

Miss Augusta Sanborn of Middle Intervale died recently at the home of Robert Sanborn, where she had lived for many years. She leaves one sister, besides a nephew and niece. She had the grippe which changed to pneumonia, and the end was sudden. Burial from the Methodist church here, Mr. Trueman officiating. She was an earnest Christian and lived her religion.

The death of Mrs. Levesque last Friday night came as no surprise to those who were with her at the last. She had typhoid fever for fourteen days, and was very ill. The funeral was Sunday at 2 P. M., Rev. W. C. Curtis, the Congregational pastor, preaching the sermon. A hard case, as she leaves a number of little children to be taken care of by some one.

Lyman Abbott of Wellesley, Mass., visited at the home of Mrs. Hiram Bean a week recently.

Miss Kate Howe of Andover has returned to Mrs. H. H. Bean's for the winter.

A goodly number of people from here attended the West Bethel fair Wednesday, Sept. 25. An early session of school at the grades gave all the school children an opportunity to attend the fair.

Philip Chapman and family and Jotham Chapman and family have moved to Berlin, N. H., for the winter.

Miss Catherine Seaton, who has been spending the summer with Mrs. Ella Carter, has returned to her home in New York.

Asa Burgess of Worcester, Mass., is spending some time with his mother, Mrs. J. F. Coolidge.

Mrs. B. W. Kimball visited at the home of Mrs. John Howe of East Bethel one day last week.

A nice little reception was given by the Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational church Thursday evening to Catherine Hanscom and Lawrence Kimball, who enter Bates College this fall; also to the incoming class at Gould's Academy, to welcome them to our Christian Endeavor. It was given at the vestry and church parlor, a program followed by a social hour. Refreshments were served.

It has been officially announced that Lieut. Harold Rich of our town, who has been detailed as an instructor at Camp Devens, has been promoted to captain. All honor to him.

MIDDLE INTERVALE.

Sweet corn is being hauled fast. Cord wood also from the Smith lot is selling for $12 a cord. We want a man or more than one to cut fifty cords, more or less, for sale. We will sell our wood lot or farm for a fair price.

The frost flowers remain fair.

The leaves turn fast since the hard freeze.

Company recently at the Balentine place from Berlin, N. H.

Ruth Buck is at her old home on Swan Hill, and is seen out in her automobile, she being an expert in running it. Her father, Orlando Buck, has been busy pressing hay.

Marjorie Farwell has been home from Locke's Mills, where she has employment.

Augusta Sanborn died last Friday, Sept. 20. Burial in family lot at Middle Intervale. Her age was 81 years. She has been a follower of Him who while on earth went about doing good, fed the hungry, clothed the naked, and in every possible way benefited His fellowmen. So this woman has done what she could in her Master's field of life.

Rest, weary one, your life work done,
From morning till the set of sun
You'll meet your loved ones gone before
Waiting on the shining shore.

Bryant's Pond.

J. R. Rowe, who has charge of the milk car on the Portland route, moved his family this week to Portland. The tenement in the Bacon building vacated by him is to be occupied by John Hodsdon.

Sheriff Billings was at Ayer this week, called there by the illness of his nephew, Henry Brown, at Camp Devens. Private Brown, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia, is now improving.

William Grant and Henry Grant, who for the past year with their families have occupied the Charles H. Perham place above the village, moved this week to Mechanic Falls.

The management is getting under way in the work for a fall issue of "The Eureka," a paper devoted to the interests of Woodstock High.

The Littlefield place, owned by Benjamin R. Billings, has been rented to Harry Stevens of Milton Plantation, who moved there with his family last week.

Mrs. Sarah Howe passed away Sunday, Sept. 22, at the home of her son, William Howe. She was the eldest of the family of the late Mahlon and Lydia A. (Chase) Bryant, and was born in this town July 27, 1830. In 1852 she married Isaac Howe of Greenwood, whose death occurred nine years ago. Of their children, six are now living. She is also survived by three sisters. She was the oldest woman in Woodstock. The funeral was held Tuesday morning at the Universalist church, attended by Rev. H. H. Hathaway of West Paris. Burial in the family lot at Lakeside Cemetery.

West Sumner.

The members of the Snow Bound Reading Club were requested to meet with Mrs. John Heald, Sept. 21, at 2 P. M., to see what action the members will take in regard to holding meetings this winter and to elect officers for the coming year. It was voted to have two meetings, the annual and semi-annual. The officers are as follows:

Pres.—Mrs. John Heald.
Vice-Pres.—Miss Edith Bradford.
Sec.—Mrs. Herbert Barrows.
Treas.—Mrs. P. G. Barrett.
Librarian—Mrs. Mary A. Bisbee.

It was voted to send $6.00 to the Red Cross at East Sumner. We are small in numbers, but we wanted to do our bit.

Dr. B. F. Tuell of Bethel was in town calling on old friends and relatives last week.

C. W. Bisbee has taken his first degree in Masonry at West Paris.

Mrs. Harold Hollis has gone to Lewiston hospital and has been operated upon for appendicitis.

Dickvale.

"Rain, rain, will it never stop?"

O. J. Chase is not as well. His wife called Dr. Pease Tuesday.

If we only knew or fully realized what our army and navy had to undergo I think we would help them in every way we could. A gas mask sets me to thinking quite hard.

A few from this place attended Andover fair.

Wilson's Mills.

Mrs. A. L. Salt of Saltaire Lodge was a caller at E. S. Bennett's Monday. They will soon leave for their home in Montclair, N. J.

Laurence Littlehale, who has been guiding some of the Rogers party, is now at home as the party have returned to their home in New York.

Parties are now coming down nearly every day from Camp Caribou, and most of the guides are now at home.

A dance was given Monday night at the hall in Wentworth's Location, as a farewell to Tommy Turner, who has been called to a training camp.

The student minister, Edward Sheplar, has finished painting the church, so he will leave a reminder of his work here, for it has improved its appearance much.

It has rained the greater part of the time for the past week, damaging the late crops of oats and potatoes.

Oxford.

Leon Marcotte has moved to the John B. Robinson farm.

Some of the members of T. A. Roberts W. R. C. went to Norway Tuesday to attend the School of Instruction.

A picnic supper was held at the M. E. vestry Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Davis, who is soon to move to Gray to join her husband, who has a good position there. Much regret is felt at her departure.

C. F. Starbird was called to Foxcroft by the death of his uncle.

The M. E. circle met at the vestry Wednesday.

West Paris.

Jonathan Fairbanks Bryant died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. H. Emery, Sunday afternoon, Sept. 22, aged 74 years. Mr. Bryant suffered a stroke of paralysis about a year ago, although he was able to be around much of the time until the last few days of his life. He was the son of Reward and Mary (Cummings) Bryant, and was born in South Paris Jan. 29, 1844.

He married Laura Ferren of Errol, N. H., whose death occurred about thirteen years ago. Five children were born to them, a son, Gustavus, who died fifteen years ago, and four daughters, May, wife of W. H. Emery, and Maud, wife of S. I. Wheeler, of West Paris, Rose, wife of James Boyce of South Paris, and Eva, wife of John Kennagh of Bethel. He also leaves sixteen grandchildren. He is survived by one brother, J. M. Bryant of Little Rock, Ark., overseer of the national cemetery at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryant made their home in Colebrook and Errol, N. H. Since Mrs. Bryant's death he has lived with his children, going winters to the soldiers' home at Togus, but since his illness he has been with his daughter, Mrs. Emery.

He was a volunteer in Co. D, 16th Maine, and served his country three years until the close of the war. He was a member of Androscoggin Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Milan, N. H.

The funeral was held from the Free Baptist church Tuesday afternoon, Rev. H. H. Hathaway officiating. West Paris Lodge, I. O. O. F., attended. The Baptist choir sang "The Homeland" and "Crossing the Bar." The casket was draped with the flag, and there were pretty flowers. Interment in West Paris cemetery.

There was a pretty autumn wedding Tuesday noon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward B. Chesley of High Street, when their daughter, Sue Eleanor, was united in marriage with Earl Clarence Moody of Portland. Rev. H. H. Hathaway performed the ceremony. The bride wore a traveling suit of gray with hat to match, and carried a bouquet of roses. The ceremony was performed beneath an arch of hydrangeas and autumn leaves. The bride's sister Belva and brother Bernard attended the couple. The out-of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Spearrin of Berlin, N. H., Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Moody and Mrs. Walter Allen of Portland, Miss Nettie Swan of Greenwood. Delicious refreshments were served. The bride and groom left by auto for the afternoon train. They will reside in Portland.

Mrs. C. L. Ridlon entertained the Jolly Twelve Whist Club Wednesday evening. Refreshments of welsh rarebit and yellow pudding were served. A very pleasant evening was enjoyed. Prize for highest score was won by Mrs. F. H. Packard, consolation by Mrs. Emma W. Mann.

Mrs. Helen Daniel of Minneapolis, Minn., has been a recent guest of her aunt, Mrs. O. K. Yates.

Mrs. Carroll Bacon is in very poor health.

W. M. Whitten is ill with swelled face caused from a closed gland in his neck.

Mrs. F. S. Briggs of Portland is visiting her mother, Mrs. Sara Curtis.

West Lovell.

Mavis Fox has been stopping at the home of her grandfather, John A. Fox, while Arthur went to Boston after his wife, who was in the hospital there.

Olden McAllister and family have worked at the Harbor corn shop and boarded themselves there. Orie LeBaron, D. E. McAllister and C. D. Lord boarded at home.

Irving Bowley has moved to Alonzo Lord's.

Several are about sick with colds.

North Buckfield.

The community was saddened by the death of Charlie Rowe Sept. 26, at Camp Devens, from influenza. He was one of the best of young men. He was the oldest child of M. L. and Laura Rowe, and was 21 years of age. Besides his parents he leaves three sisters and four brothers. The family have the sympathy of the entire community.

Nelson Tucker has gone to Bath to work in the ship yard.

Gerald Bessey has gone to the University of Maine training school.

Lawrence Morse is at home from the hospital.

Privates Wilbur Warren and Harold Stevens, who have been sick at Camp Devens, are reported better.

Andover.

Mrs. Edward Akers, who has been quite ill, is improving. Margaret Eastman is working for her.

A number from town attended Farmington fair last week.

Melvin Bartlett from Stoneham visited his brothers, Charles Bartlett and wife and Fred Bartlett and family, through the fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Barnes have returned to Somerville, Mass.

The moving pictures were well attended Thursday evening.

Law Court Decision.

A rescript has been handed down by the law court in the Oxford County case of The Morse Co. vs. Fred G. Barnes. This case was brought by the plaintiff company, of Cincinnati, O., to recover the value of eight quarts of whiskey sold to the defendant, a resident of Norway, and delivered by express. It was tried at the last February term, and the defence was that the liquor was intended for illegal sale, and therefore the account was not collectable. A verdict for plaintiff for the full amount claimed was returned, and the defendant appealed the case. The motion for a new trial is denied. The rescript says:

The defence set up was, that the liquors were intended for illegal sale and were so disposed of. Under the well settled law in this state, the only question presented to the jury was whether the defendant when he purchased the intoxicating liquors in question intended to dispose of them in a manner prohibited by law. It is claimed that the uncontradicted testimony of the defendant shows that the liquor was intended for illegal sale, although it might not have been known to the defendant that the method by which he intended to dispose of it was illegal.

The defendant admits the contract and the receipt of the liquors, but undertakes to avoid payment by setting up the defence in question. The burden is upon him to sustain his contention by a preponderance of the evidence. The only evidence by which he undertook to do this was his own. A reading of his testimony shows that it is uncertain, and either through stupidity or intention to evade, lacked frankness. It was for the jury to say what construction they would place upon this uncertain and evasive attitude of the defendant. So far as anything appears in the case it may be that the jury disbelieved the defendant's testimony.

Allusion in argument is made to the charge of the presiding justice but as the charge is not printed it must be assumed to have been correct and to have properly presented all the issues raised in the case. We do not feel justified in disturbing this verdict. Motion overruled.

Maine News Notes.

Koly Prefinoff, a Bulgarian 35 years of age, was killed in a slide in a Monson slate quarry Monday. Another man was somewhat injured.

The State Board of Trade, at its annual meeting at Bar Harbor last week, re-elected the former officers, as follows:

Pres.—L. A. Jack, Lisbon Falls.
Sec.—Edward M. Blanding, Bangor.
Treas.—T. F. Callahan, Lewiston.

During the last severe storm the great seas washed clear over Mt. Desert Rock and flooded the lower part of the lightkeeper's house, so that for a time the occupants had to take refuge in the tower.

Private George M. Toole of Bangor, detached from his unit at Camp Devens and sent to Bangor to assist in the clerical work of the local board, died at a Bangor hospital Sunday of Spanish influenza.

Grant McKeen, a railroad engineer of East Deering, was killed, and Harry Laughton, another engineer of the same place, was seriously injured Monday night when their automobile overturned on the electric car track a mile from Brunswick.

Maine Charities and Corrections.

The Conservation of Human Life as a War Measure will be the general subject under consideration at the annual meeting of the Maine State Conference of Charities and Corrections to be held in Portland October 23 and 24.

Thirty-four per cent of the young men examined for the draft have been found to be physically unfit for military service. To find out and remove the causes of this deficiency so that the next generation may have a better chance is a patriotic duty. The inevitable loss of life caused by the war must be made good by a campaign for a physically fit humanity. This is what the conference wishes to inaugurate.

The program is as follows:

October 23.

AFTERNOON.

13:30—Informal reception at Falmouth Hotel.
1:00—Luncheon with speeches.
2:30—Prevention and Control of Social Diseases.
Speakers: Dr. E. E. Sprague, U. S. Public Health Dept. Dr. L. D. Bristol, Public Health Dept. of Maine. Dr. Eugene Kelley, Public Health Dept. of Mass. Discussion opened by Dr. Tetreau, Sec. Portland Board of Health.

EVENING.

7:30—The Menace of the Mental Defective.
Speakers: Dr. Guy Fernald, Sec. Maine Commission on Care of Feeble-minded. Discussion by Dr. Carl Hedin, School for Feeble-minded, Pownal. Dr. Forrest Tyson, Augusta State Hospital.

October 24.

FORENOON.

9:00—Business meeting.
10:30—Physical Examination and Treatment of School Children.
Speakers: Dr. A. O. Thomas, Maine Dept. Education. Robert W. Kelso, Sec. Mass. State Board Charity.

AFTERNOON.

2:00—Automobile ride to places of interest about Portland.

EVENING.

7:30—Meeting under the auspices of the American Red Cross.
Address, After-Care of Wounded Soldiers.
Address, Home Service.

The Falmouth Hotel will be headquarters for delegates and special rates will be given. The luncheon is 50 cents a plate and reservation must be made.

An open window school will be established in the Casco Street building at Portland as soon as a teacher can be secured, 20 pupils being the maximum capacity of the room and they are to be anaemic or predisposed to tuberculosis. Rejects will not be accepted and all children who are afflicted with the malady in even the slightest form will not be taken in as this is not a hospital or sanatorium. It is designed to act as a preventive to illness and is to be established in conformity with inducements offered by the Maine Anti-Tuberculosis Society, the first of the kind east of Boston.

Frederick A. Due, 18 years of age, died suddenly in the cellar of his home in Westbrook on the 21st. He was installing an extension light wire, and is supposed to have been electrocuted, although an examination revealed no trouble with the wiring system, and the wires carried a voltage of only 110. It is likely that the young man had a weak heart.

George M. Murphy of Bangor died at Camp Devens Monday of Spanish influenza. A brother died in Halifax Jan. 1, while stationed on the U. S. ship Santiago.

"Brush Up"

Teeth, Hair, Hats, Hands, Clothing and Shoes—

You will find brushes here

—all kinds, for
—all purposes, at
—all prices

LOOK OVER OUR LINE

Tooth Brushes	10c to	$ .50
Hair Brushes	50c to	3.00
Hand Brushes	10c to	1.00
Nail Brushes	50c to	1.50
Clothes Brushes	50c to	2.00

Chas. H. Howard Co.

"Rexall Remedies"

South Paris, -- Maine

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

38-41

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of DONALD McLEOD, of Mexico, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Donald McLeod of Mexico, in the County of Oxford and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of September, A. D. 1918, the said Donald McLeod was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the Referee, No. 8 Market Square, South Paris, Maine, on the 16th day of Oct., A. D. 1918, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

South Paris, Sept. 28, 1918.

WALTER L. GRAY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

40-42

PROBATE NOTICES.

To all persons interested in either of the estates hereinafter named:

At a Probate Court, held at Paris, in and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. The following matter having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ORDERED:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, a newspaper published at South Paris, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, on the third Tuesday of October, A. D. 1918, at 9 of the clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

Reginald L. Cummings late of Paris, deceased; petition for the appointment of Bert F. Cummings or some other suitable person as administrator of the estate of said deceased presented by Bert F. Cummings, father.

Joseph Tellier late of Oxford, deceased; petition that Roscoe F. Staples or some other suitable person be appointed as administrator of the estate of said deceased, presented by Roscoe F. Staples, a creditor.

John F. Plummer late of Paris, deceased; will and petition for probate thereof and the appointment of Minnie A. Stephens as executrix of the same, to act without bond as expressed in said will, presented by said Minnie A. Stephens, the executrix therein named.

Lena E. and George B. Paine, minors of Dixfield; petition for license to sell and convey real estate presented by George D. Bartlett, guardian.

Almeda Chapman late of Porter, deceased; final account presented for allowance by Leafy M. Chapman, administratrix.

Perley H. Wilson late of Woodstock, deceased; petition for license to sell real estate held in mortgage presented by Alma J. Wilson, administratrix.

Almeda Chapman late of Porter, deceased; petition for order to distribute balance remaining in her hands presented by Leafy M. Chapman, administratrix.

Milton I. Johnson of Paris, minor; final account presented for allowance by Thomas A. Johnson, guardian.

Wade W. and Eva F. Hapgood of Waterford, minor heirs; first accounts presented for allowance by Frank A. Willard, guardian.

Chester H. Littlehale late of Newry, deceased; first and final account presented for allowance by Lorna A. Fairbanks, administratrix with the will annexed.

Lucinda A. Bean late of Hebron, deceased; first and final account presented for allowance by H. L. Irish, executor.

Eva F. and Wade W. Hapgood of Waterford, minors; petition for license to sell and convey real estate presented by Frank A. Willard, guardian.

Chapter A. Jordan late of Oxford, deceased; will and petition for probate thereof and the appointment of Lula A. Jordan as executrix of the same to act without bond as expressed in said will, presented by Lulia A. Jordan, the executrix therein named.

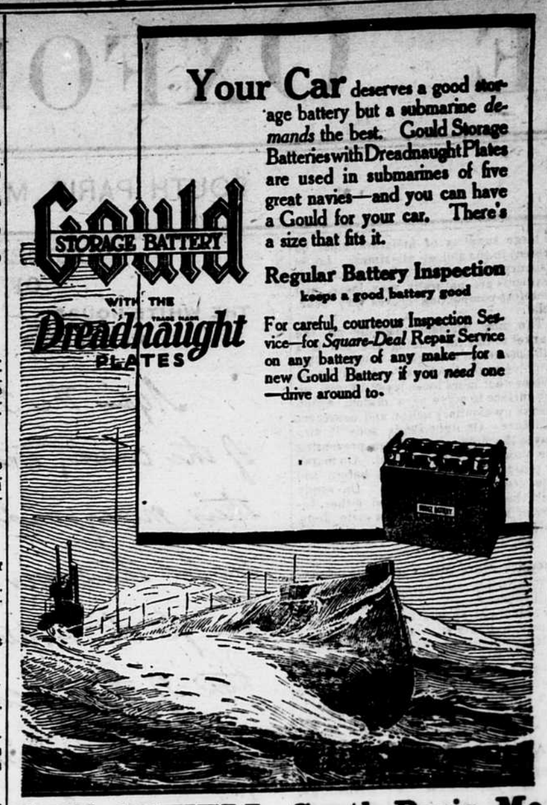
Carl E. Farris of Oxford, ward; final account presented for allowance by Roscoe F. Staples, guardian.

ADDISON B. HERRICK, Judge of said Court.

A true copy—attest:

ALBERT D. PARK, Register.

39-41



Your Car deserves a good storage battery but a submarine *demands* the best. Gould Storage Batteries with Dreadnaught Plates are used in submarines of five great navies—and you can have a Gould for your car. There's a size that fits it.

Regular Battery Inspection keeps a good battery good

For careful, courteous Inspection Service—for *Square-Deal* Repair Service on any battery of any make—for a new Gould Battery if you *need* one—drive around to-

J. N. OSWELL, South Paris, Me.

Z. L. MERCHANT.

This Week

In so far as this store is concerned, will mark the beginning of the fall and winter season of 1918 and 1919. A beginning that is worthy of more than passing notice.

Women's Apparel Ready for Service

Tailored Suits
Outer Garments
Dresses, Waists
Furs
Gloves, Hosiery
Underwear

Each and every one of these departments has been placed upon a basis that is calculated to serve in a manner that is not to be surpassed as regards greatest value for a minimum expenditure.

The merchandise that has been assembled to supply the requirements of the autumn and winter months is now very completely represented and we would emphasize the fact that it has been chosen with keenest discrimination and care as to the actual needs in this community. Moreover, the idea of presenting opportunity for the practice of economy that is real, that is sensible and reasonable, has been uppermost and foremost in our plans.

One would naturally expect a store like this, with its equipment and its resources, to be in a position to lean upon in times of stress.

It is just this service that we are prepared to render in an unstinted measure.

AS PROMINENT EXAMPLE, we would draw attention to our good stock of

WOOLEN FABRICS

embracing wide range of durable and most worthy qualities to be procured and which we are being told are priced low. Step in and let us show you the new things, even if you are not ready to purchase just now, though we advise early purchasing.

Agents for War Savings Stamps

ONE PRICE CASH STORE.

NORWAY, - - - MAINE

Once More

We ask you to take time by the forelock and buy now. Read the short paragraph below; it was taken from one of the daily papers of this state, therefore we see nothing but soft toed shoes in the future, that is, for the period of the war. If you want good shoes, felt heel pads, box toes and felt innersoles we say buy now from our present stock.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.

Box toed shoes, felt heel pads and felt innersoles are doomed for the period of the war. The war industries board announced today that the manufacture of felt used for these articles must be discontinued as soon as present supplies of raw material are exhausted and at once if its manufacture interferes with the fulfilment of government orders.

EASTMAN & ANDREWS

Clothiers and Furnishers

31 Market Square, South Paris

Good Clothes Save Poor Ones Waste

IN BUYING clothes or anything else this year, it's a good thing to know exactly what you're getting; the fact that the average buyer doesn't know good quality from poor stuff that looks good, is often a source of great profit to some merchants.

When you see a Hart, Schaffner & Marx label in a garment, you're at once in possession of all the knowledge you need; it tells you everything; we don't need to say a word.

You know the clothes are all wool, carefully tailored, that the clothes will save because of the long service you get and that your complete satisfaction is guaranteed.

H. B. Foster Co.

ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS

Norway Maine

The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes.

FOR SALE.

A Waterman Out-board Bronx Motor, Model C-14, 2 1-2 horse power engine will fit any boat. New, never used, in perfect condition, will sell the same for $40.00.

A twenty foot launch quarter decked in good condition, cedar lined with a three horse power engine, make and break, will sell the same for $90 00.

A Studebaker five passenger Touring Car, original paint and varnish, in good condition, and it has not been abused, will sell the same for $350. The above prices are for quick sale.

E. R. FREEMAN
Cranestone
Bryant's Pond, - - Maine.
37tf

Wanted

The Attention of Orchardists.

Are you going to plant Apple Trees and other Nursery Stock Spring 1919? Write to us about varieties and price.

DO IT NOW!

We only offer for sale the very best grade.

HOMER N. CHASE & CO.,
Auburn, Maine.
Nurseries, Geneva, N. Y., and Buckfield, Maine. 35 tf.

THE BANK of SAFETY and SERVICE

Make Your Dollars Do Good Service.

You make your dollars do good service for your country by investing them in Liberty Bonds. There is no better security on earth and the yield is liberal.

Subscribe now to Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds

PARIS TRUST COMPANY
SOUTH PARIS, MAINE
BRANCH BANK AT BUCKFIELD, ME.
PAYS INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

PERLEY P. RIPLEY, Pres. J. HASTINGS BEAN, Sec.
ALTON C. WHEELER, Vice-Pres. IRVING O. B

The Oxford Democrat.

South Paris, Maine, October 1, 1918

SOUTH PARIS.

Miss Helen Noyes of Norway is visiting at B. F. Richards'.

Donald Brooks is reading law in the office of Walter L. Gray.

Miss Annie Shaw of Portland is the guest of Mrs. Lillian A. Shaw.

Mrs. Thomas W. Daniel of Minneapolis, Minn., is visiting Mrs. Chas. R. Dunham.

Norman Crockett and Bert Foster are at Rumford, in the employ of the Maine Coated Paper Co.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Douglas of Hopedale, Mass., made a short visit to relatives here last week.

Mrs. Louise J. Briggs is spending two weeks in Portland with her sister, Mrs. Emma Gibbs, and other relatives.

Miss Jennie Shurtleff, after visiting her niece, Miss Ida Shurtleff, returned Saturday to her home in Portland.

Shaw's orchestra furnished music for the dancing at the West Bethel fair last Wednesday afternoon and evening.

Robert Dennison, who has been at the Rangeley Lake House during the summer, has returned to his home here.

Willard J. Curtis of this year's graduating class in the high school has gone to Waterville to enter Colby College for the course.

Mrs. Frank Rigby and little son Kenneth of Island Pond, Vt., have been guests for a few days of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Currier.

On Friday of last week Sumner Davis left South Paris to join the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, having enlisted with the Canadian Engineers some time previously.

Frank Thomas of North Hoosick, N. Y., is here with his father, Jesse Thomas, called by the death and burial of his brother, Corp. Verne A. Thomas, at Camp Devens.

Work is brisk at the corn factory of the Burnham & Morrill Co., and is likely to continue so for the rest of the week if no freeze comes to stop it, as there is a large amount of corn still to come in.

The harvest supper, given by the ladies of the Congregational church, which was set for Thursday, Oct. 10, has been changed to Thursday, Oct. 17, on account of conflicting with the Universalist supper date.

Some men talking about the luck of the Oxford County fair, which has had only one rainy day in fifteen years, have decided, in view of what the other fairs get, that the management of the Oxford County fair must be like the Kaiser, in partnership with Gott.

Edward W. DeCoster arrived at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward DeCoster, a few days ago, having completed his term of enlistment in the navy and received his discharge. He went into the Coast Guard about two years ago, and after the United States entered the war, the vessel on which he was serving was sent across. For some more than a year he has been in the convoy service on the other side.

Harold T. Thayer and daughter Margaret, and Aubrey A. Keene, of Bristol, N. H., were here for a few days last week, coming especially to attend the Odd Fellows' district meeting at Norway Wednesday evening. Mr. Thayer, who was formerly for some years with the Democrat, is now foreman of the Musgrove Press at Bristol. They returned home Saturday, and Mr. Thayer's mother, Mrs. Theodore Thayer, accompanied them to Bristol for a stay of some weeks.

On Sunday the new schedule of trains on the Grand Trunk went into effect, with two trains daily each way, as last winter. Trains now go east at 9:36 A. M., local, daily, and 5:50 P. M., express, daily except Sunday; west, 9:36 A. M., express, daily except Sunday, and 7:59 P. M., local, daily. This is about the same as last winter, except that the evening train is about an hour later. The Sunday papers are cut out by this schedule. There is no train service on the Norway branch on Sunday.

Walter L. Gray was at Auburn Wednesday and Thursday as one of the attorneys in a hearing on the case of the Hartford Lumber Co. vs. Wm. T. Haines and F. E. Haines. This was an Oxford County case, arranged for trial at the May term of court in this county, but referred to Judge Henry W. Oakes of Auburn, W. J. Lanigan of Waterville, and C. C. Whitney of Boston. Mr. Gray was associated with F. E. Dyer of Buckfield for the plaintiffs. John E. Nelson of Waterville was the record attorney for the defendants, though Ex-Governor William T. Haines, who was one of the defendants, took an active part in conducting the case. The contention of the plaintiffs is that the defendants failed to carry out their contract in supplying lumber to the plaintiffs' mill in the town of Mayfield.

A fairly good audience attended the prohibition address of Dr. Louis Albert Banks of Boston at the Baptist church last Monday evening. Alton C. Wheeler presided, and spoke briefly at the opening, saying that anything in the interest of good citizenship is sure of strong support in Paris. He also assured the speaker of the evening that Maine was sure to ratify the prohibitory amendment to the national constitution. Rev. D. F. Faulkner offered prayer, and the Æolian Quartette sang Mrs. Morton's composition, "Our Starry Banner," with Mrs. Morton at the organ. Dr. Banks on being introduced plunged immediately into his subject without any introductory remarks, and gave a forceful argument for national prohibition, which he said is sure to come. One point he made which is new to some is that the breweries, which we have been a little delicate about putting out of business, are largely German-owned, and their profits are giving some degree of aid and comfort to the enemy. At the close of his talk he distributed pledge cards for subscriptions to the work of the Anti Saloon League, under whose auspices this campaign is conducted. The flag which was offered to the schools in a contest for securing the largest number to attend, was awarded to the third grade, taught by Miss Annie Brooks.

The October term of Supreme Judicial Court opens at South Paris Tuesday, Oct. 8, with Justice Warren C. Philbrook of Waterville presiding. Venires for jurors have been returned as follows:

GRAND JURORS.

Clarence S. Alley, Hartford.
Elmer B. Austin, Buckfield.
Frank R. Bartlett, Bethel.
Chas. H. Brett, Oxford.
Allana Brooks, Upton.
Eben E. Chapman, Paris.
George L. Cushman, Woodstock.
Charles W. Farrington, Fryeburg.
Stuart W. Goodwin, Norway.
Wilson M. Morse, Waterford.
Herbert Moulton, Hiram.
Bernard E. Patterson, Canton.
Frank Perkins, Andover.
Leslie H. Poor, Brownfield.
H. O. Virgin, Mexico.
Mertice L. Walton, Dixfield.
Everett Wentworth, Porter.
A. D. Woodreau, Rumford.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

C. O. Barrows, Stow.
Oscar R. Barrows, Paris.
Joseph Brown, Mexico.
Leslie K. Chipman, Hiram.
George C. Cole, Greenwood.
Harry E. Durgin, Brownfield.
James D. Farnum, Woodstock.
P. C. French, Oxford.
Asa D. Frost, Norway.
Arthur L. Harlow, Peru.
Frank A. Hill, Fryeburg.
Alton M. Knight, Rumford.
Sylvanus Learned, Andover.
Davis G. Lovejoy, Bethel.
Henry H. Luce, Dixfield.
Herman Mason, Bethel.
W. R. Merrill, Lovell.
Arthur R. Millett, Waterford.
Ralph Pierce, Hebron.
Dennis Pike, Norway.
Crockett Record, Paris.
William Record, Buckfield.
G. Guy Rich, Canton.
Harry G. Small, Denmark.
George W. Spaulding, Sumner.
G. Thurston, Rumford.
George F. Weeks, Porter.
H. W. Whitney, Upton.
Frank R. York, Hartford.

Shaw's Orchestra furnished the music Saturday afternoon and evening for the fall opening at the store of Brown, Buck & Co. at Norway.

If the month now in its last hours has not been, on the whole, one of the coldest and most disagreeable Septembers on record, then there is something the matter with the record.

The Red Cross, which has been using the dining room of Paris Grange as a workroom during the summer, will hereafter use the assembly room in the fire station on Pine Street.

Under the present arrangement of trains and mails, the post office will be open from 10 to 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning, to enable the patrons to get their Saturday night mail.

The National Red Cross ask all women who have had experience in home nursing, willing to enroll for service during the epidemic, to report at once to Mrs. Gray for further information.

A considerable number of the Knights of Pythias will attend the annual convention of the Sixteenth District, to be held with Craigie Lodge of Oxford Tuesday evening of this week.

Albert, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry G. Fleming, about ten years of age, broke his leg as the result of a fall on Saturday, the 21st. Mr. Fleming has been quite ill threatened with pneumonia, but is improved.

Advertised letters in Paris post office, Sept. 30:

Mrs. Marie Brown.
Mrs. Helen Coester.
Mrs. H. B. Fuller.
Miss Frances Wiggin.
E. A. Brooks.
Albert Hurrell.
Ralph Wheeler.

J. A. KENNEY, P. M.

All persons having books belonging to Paris Public Library are requested to return same at once. The library will be open Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings of this week from 7 to 9 to receive books. No books will be loaned until further notice on account of the prevailing epidemic.

MRS. ELLA A. WIGHT, Librarian.

Norwood Hanson, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Hanson, formerly of South Paris, went through here Saturday on his return to Camp Custer, Mich., from a furlough spent with his parents in Gorham, N. H. It is about five years and a half since he was in South Paris. He has been in the service about four months, having enlisted at Seattle. His brother Gordon is now in France.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Anderson received word last Monday afternoon that their son, Harold C. Anderson, and daughter were sick with Spanish influenza. They left on the early train Tuesday, arriving in Wollaston a little past one o'clock. The disease developed double pneumonia. He has passed the crisis and is improving. Little Helen had a light attack, and is improving though still confined to her bed. Everything is closed there, even the churches.

Mrs. Hannah Whitney of Concord, Vt., came on Wednesday, Sept. 18, to visit her brother, J. B. Barnett of Hill Street. At noon of Thursday she suffered a stroke of apoplexy, and died the following day. The remains were taken to Concord, where she had made her home with her daughter. Mrs. Whitney was a few days less than 82 years of age. She was the widow of Frank Whitney, and leaves two daughters. She was the oldest of a family of nine children, of whom only two remain, J. B. Barnett of this place and another brother who lives in South Dakota.

The street car of the Norway and Paris railway is not yet out of commission, nor will it be on Tuesday as had been expected. According to the latest instructions from headquarters, it will run at least until Thursday, possibly longer. When its service is discontinued, a passenger service will be started by the Norway and Paris Transfer Co., in which Carl P. Dunham and Alton C. Maxim are associated. They expect to run their truck hourly trips, probably leaving South Paris at a quarter before the hour and Norway on the hour, though the schedule is not definitely fixed as yet.

William J. Wheeler underwent an operation for hernia at his home here Friday afternoon, his condition making an immediate operation necessary. Notwithstanding the seriousness of the operation, Mr. Wheeler is comfortable, and there is reason to expect a good recovery. Howard G. Wheeler of Manchester, N. H., and Robert W. Wheeler, who is in the service and stationed at Fort McKinley, were summoned and came at once. Mr. Wheeler's daughter and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Roy E. Cole of Canton, Mass., and son Howard, also came at once. The high school at Canton, of which Mr. Cole is principal, is closed on account of the influenza epidemic.

Club Meetings.

The club season opens at South Paris next Monday, Oct. 7. The Euterpean Club meets in the afternoon with Mrs. Ida Briggs and Miss Dean as hostesses, at the home of Mrs. Briggs. The program to be given is as follows:

PART FIRST.
Patriotic Music.
Roll Call—Current musical events.
Piano Duet—March.....Sousa
Mrs. Gray, Mrs. Daughraty.
Vocal Solo—Your Flag and My Flagg....Briggs
Miss Wight.
Reading—The Story of Old Glory.....Ball
Miss Thayer.
Piano Accompaniment, Mrs. Morton.
Vocal Solo—Selected,
Mrs. Wilson.
Vocal Trio—A Marching Song for America,Praag
Mrs. Noyes, Mrs Perkins, Mrs. Smiley.
The Star Spangled Banner,
Euterpean Club Ensemble.

PART SECOND.
New England Composers.
Piano Duet—Prelude to "The Birds" of Aristophanes.....Paine
Mrs. Brickett, Mrs. Wiggin.
Vocal Solo—a The Splendor Falls on Castle Walls.....Whelpley
b Why Do I Love You?...Chipman
Miss Leach
Violin Solo—Tobasco March from "Tobasco," Chadwick
Miss Dean
Vocal Solo—Two Roses.....Hallett Gilberte
Mrs. Noyes.
Piano Solo—Miniatures.....Crist
Mrs. Ida Briggs.
Vocal Solo—An Evening Love Song....Chipman
Mrs. Smiley.
Vocal Solo—Because of You.....Briggs
Mrs. Wheeler.

The officers of the Euterpean Club for the coming year are:

Pres.—Mrs. Geneva Barrows.
Vice-Pres.—Miss Grace Thayer.
Sec.—Mrs. Alice Wiggin.
Treas.—Miss Grace Dean.
Ex. Com.—Miss Nellie Jackson, Mrs. Virgie Wilson, Mrs. Lou Daughraty.
Librarian—Miss Grace Thayer.
Press Reporter—Mrs. Agnes L. Morton.
Program Com.—Mrs. Stella Burnham, Mrs. Agnes L. Morton, Mrs. Virgie Wilson.

Monday evening the Seneca Club holds its first meeting, the hostesses being Mrs. Edith Wheeler and Mrs. Louada Stewart, and the meeting will be held at Mrs. Wheeler's on Porter Street. A patriotic program will be given in charge of Mrs. T. S. Barnes.

Officers of the Seneca Club are:

Pres.—Mrs. Luella Smiley.
Vice-Pres.—Miss Grace Thayer.
Sec.—Mrs. A. F. Goldsmith.
Treas.—Miss Eva Walker.
Press Reporter—Mrs. Agnes L. Morton.
Literary Directors—Mrs. F. A. Taylor, Mrs. H. R. Carter.
Ex. Com.—Mrs. P. E. Hathaway, Mrs. H. R. Carter, Mrs. G. F. Eastman.

Mrs. W. A. Pidgin.

Mrs. Martha Little Pidgin, widow of William A. Pidgin, died at her home on Bartlett Street, Lewiston, on the 21st, at the age of a little less than 88 years. She had been an invalid for years. She was born at Fort Western, Cushnoc, and married Mr. Pidgin May 1, 1860. Mr. Pidgin was at that time publisher of the Oxford Democrat at Paris Hill, and she came to that place, which was her home for about seven years. They then removed to Lewiston, where Mr. Pidgin was business manager of the Lewiston Journal for many years. He died a year or two ago, since which she had failed more rapidly. Burial was at North Litchfield.

Football.

Paris High School football team played its first game for the season with Hebron Academy Second at Hebron Saturday afternoon. Score 7 to 7. The Paris boys are rather jubilant over the result, as the team against which they played is said to have held the Hebron first team in practice.

After a hearty meal, take Doan's Regulets and assist your stomach, liver and bowels. Regulets are a mild laxative. 25c at all stores.

Liberty Loan Demonstration.

ENTHUSIASTIC AND INTERESTING TALKS, AND RESULTS SHOWN.

A red-blooded American affair was the Fourth Liberty Loan demonstration in Market Square Friday evening, with enthusiasm from beginning to close; and the results showed in the pledging of more than half the quota of Paris before the bank closed for the night.

During the week the log cabin in the grass plot had been completed under direction of C. W. Bowker, with a veranda on each side, with a flag waving over it, and adorned with bunting and Liberty Bond posters, making an attractive little structure. This was occupied by a number of women of the Red Cross, acting as a committee for information. The town truck, decorated in the national colors, formed a stand for the speakers.

Through the action of Perley F. Ripley, the Brigade Band of Lewiston was present to give a concert, and was joined by Mr. Carroll of Lewiston, who was here engaged in revenue work, and who sang with accompaniment by the band, "Keep the Home Fires Burning," and other songs of the time.

Alton C. Wheeler presided, and spoke for a short time in an easy and earnest manner, giving such explanation as was necessary regarding the Liberty bonds and their terms of payment, etc., and predicting that Paris would go over the top by a large margin. He then introduced Rev. C. G. Miller, who spoke in his most vigorous style, urging the purchase of bonds in the cause of the country and of civilization, and showing the necessity of carrying the war through to a triumph for the allied arms.

Corp. Frank Street was next introduced. Corp. Street is an American, a former Boston boy, though he served in the Canadian forces. When the war began in 1914, he was in southern Alaska. He traveled 250 miles on foot to get as fast as possible where he could enlist, and went across with the first Canadian contingent, which was badly shot to pieces in the fighting that came to it. He was several times wounded and then gassed, and now only wants to get so he can "get by" the examining surgeons and get back to the front. For nearly an hour he related his experiences of all kinds at the front, most of them grim and severe, but all tremendously interesting. He has no use for any German but a dead German, and the things he related as having seen himself give him justification for this feeling. He was given frequent applause, as was the case with the other speakers, the large crowd which was assembled being warm and enthusiastic.

During the talk of the first two speakers, pledges were announced of $5,000 from Leslie L. Mason of the Mason Manufacturing Co., and $10,000 from the Paris Manufacturing Co. At the close of Corp. Street's talk, the Paris Trust Co. was open for the receipt of pledges, and before the doors closed for the night the board showed a total of $50,300 pledged.

The latest figures of bond sales, posted Monday morning, are $55,400.

Soldiers Die from Influenza.

The epidemic of Spanish influenza, which is now raging so fiercely in many places in the country, especially in some of the cantonments, has taken a heavy toll of our soldiers. A number of Oxford County men have succumbed to it during the past week.

Private Cecil E. Brown of Norway died with pneumonia following the influenza at Camp Devens Wednesday morning, the 25th. Mr. Brown was the son of Mrs. Ella (Myers) and the late Herbert O. Brown of Norway, and was born in Bethel Jan. 18, 1898, coming to Norway fourteen years ago. He graduated from Norway High School in 1912, spent one year at the University of Maine, and then took the course in the law school of that institution, graduating in 1917.

After being admitted to the bar he opened an office for the practice of law at Norway, but was soon engaged as chief clerk of the Oxford County Local Board, and continued in that work until early in September, making an efficient and courteous official. Being of draft age, he was examined and classified as qualified for limited or special service. Early in September he went to Camp Devens expecting to be inducted into the service for clerical work with local boards, but upon being examined there was inducted into the general service and assigned to the supply department.

He was a member of the Commercial Club and the Algonquin Tennis Club of Norway, and several social organizations.

He is survived by his mother and two sisters, Mrs. Arthur Parker of Norway with whom he lived, and Mrs. Elmer Parker of Bath. He is also survived by three half-brothers and two half-sisters, Mrs. Herbert Chapman of North Newry and Mrs. Nellie Wheeler of Lynn, Walter Brinck of Bethel and Percy and Arthur Brinck of Newry.

Private Brown's remains were brought to Norway, arriving on Saturday, and the funeral was held at 1 o'clock that afternoon at the Norway Methodist church, attended by Rev. H. L. Nichols, the pastor, Rev. M. O. Baltzer of the Congregational church participating in the service. Mr. Brown was a member of the Methodist church. Burial was in Pine Grove Cemetery.

Private William Harvey Snow of Norway died early Tuesday morning at the hospital at Camp Devens. He was born at Norway Feb. 28, 1891, and was the son of Harvey Snow, who died some years ago. He was educated at Norway High School, and worked as shoemaker in that town until called into service June 26. He was a member of Norway Camp, Modern Woodmen of America.

He is survived by his mother, Mrs. George Currier of Norway; four brothers, Robert and Roy, who are in service overseas, Winnie of Bath, and Perley of Norway; and three sisters, Mrs. Carl Pratt of Auburn, Mrs. Carl Robinson of South Paris, and Mrs. Thomas Corby of Lewiston.

The remains of Private Snow were brought to Norway, under escort of a comrade, arriving on Friday, and the funeral was held at the Norway Baptist church at 2:30 P. M. Saturday, attended by Rev. G. H. Newton, the pastor. Burial was in Rustfield Cemetery.

Corp. Verne Allie Thomas of Paris died at Camp Devens of pneumonia Wednesday, Sept. 25, after a brief illness. His aunt, Mrs. Bessie Walker of Lewiston, was summoned and went to Camp Devens on Sunday preceding. Corp. Thomas was born 28 years ago in Paris, and has always lived there, except for brief absences at work elsewhere. He was the son of Jesse and Elizabeth Ella Thomas. He is survived by his father, who lives at Hicks Crossing, South Paris, and three brothers, Claude of Otisfield, Frank of North Hoosick, N. Y., and Alton, who is now overseas, going over in the regular army a year ago. His mother is also living. He was called June 25th, and went to Camp Devens on the 26th. His corporal's stripes were received shortly before he was taken ill.

The funeral of Corp. Thomas was held at 2 o'clock Sunday, at Spiller's undertaking rooms in Norway, attended by Rev. C. G. Miller. Burial was in Pine Grove Cemetery.

Charlie H. Rowe of Buckfield died at Camp Devens on Thursday. He was the oldest of eight children of Mr. and Mrs. Mordaunt L. Rowe, and was 21 years of age. He went to Camp Devens with the contingent which left on the 3d of September. The remains were brought to his home in Buckfield, where the funeral was held on Saturday.

William Adams, eight years of age, son of James H. Adams of Scarboro, was struck and instantly killed near a school house in that town Wednesday by an automobile driven by Mrs. Adam Gifford of Boston. In the car were Col. Gifford of the Boston Salvation Army and Major Widgery, head of the Army in Maine. The boy was one of a group of school children who ran out as the car was passing. Mrs. Gifford swerved the car to avoid the boy, and he stepped back directly in front of it. The car struck a tree and was demolished, but none of the occupants was hurt.

All Public Gatherings Suspended.

SCHOOLS, CHURCHES, ETC., CLOSED BECAUSE OF INFLUENZA.

By order of the local board of health, issued Sunday noon, all schools, churches, theaters and public gatherings are closed for the present week at least. This is on account of what is called the Spanish influenza or grippe. The malady did not make its appearance here until later than in many other places, but it got a quick hold here. There are said to be now fifty cases of it in South Paris, and three times as many in Norway.

The home visitation by the churches and Sunday Schools, which was set to begin at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon, was necessarily postponed to some later date, though most of the workers had assembled at Deering Memorial Church before they knew of the closing order.

Among the affairs which will be postponed was the business lecture which was to be given by L. F. Zehring at Savoy Theatre Tuesday evening, and the district convention of the Knights of Pythias, which was to have been held with Craigie Lodge at Oxford on the same date.

Oxford County Draft Notes.

Apportionment of the 861 men to be called in October from Maine for Camp Devens was announced Thursday. Oxford County's quota is 51. This will more than exhaust the Class 1 men remaining from all registrations previous to September, the number in that class supposed to be available now being 47.

These men were to have been called to entrain during the five-day period beginning Oct. 10, but owing to the prevalence of influenza at the army camps of the country, the call will be postponed, and the date is not yet fixed.

Class 1 men now remaining from registrations preceding September, and subject to the October call, are as follows:

Nathaniel Lewis, Kezar Falls.
Donald Curtis Bonney, Canton.
Oscar Merton Holman, Dixfield.
Leon Mabry Allen, West Peru.
Vincent Negrini, Rumford.
Thomas Elias Harlow, Dixfield.
Alexander Frizo, Rumford.
George Edward Tripp, Rumford.
Arthur McFee, West Peru.
Ernest Boyd Freeman, Ridlonville.
Frank Marion Weld, Dixfield.
Adelard Touchette, Roxbury.
Harold A. Gove, Rumford.
Royce Jennings Noble, East Hiram.
Raymond A. Ingalls, Denmark.
Herbert Elbridge Remis, Hiram.
William Heath Davis, Buckfield.
Herman Elbridge Woodworth, Norway.
Anthony Orestes Sanborn, Stow.
LaForest Wesley Kimball, Locke's Mills.
Bert L. Bennett, Gilead.
Bertrand Swallow, South Paris.
Lester Maurice Burhoe, Bethel.
Horatio McKinley Ellingwood, Buckfield.
Charles Edgar Bean, Denmark.
Leon Elton Bonney, Kittery.
Henry Allen, Rumford.
John Harold Tessier, Rumford.
Charles Milton LaCourse, Rumford.
Wallace Lincoln Hines, Canton.
Charles Child Bartlett, Canton.
Joseph Mitchell, Rumford.
Edward Joseph Casey, Houghton.
Ewen Ulric Cameron, Wentworth Location, N. H.
Edmond Richard, Rumford.
George H. Walker, Brownfield.
Hector Fortier, Rumford.
David William Gilmore, Rumford.
Philip Merrill Pinkham, West Peru.
Maurice Perry Emerson, Bridgton R. F. D.
Paul Saisi, Rumford.
Raymond James Bonney, Groveton, N. H.
Thomas Albert White, Mexico.
Elwin Woodman, Dixfield.
Harold Edson Stacy, Kezar Falls.
Lewis Elliott Estes, Bryant's Pond.

The following limited service men will take the train Monday afternoon, Sept. 30, for Camp Upton, Yaphank, N. Y. These are to fill out a previous call:

Walter J. Record, Buckfield.
Anthony G. Thurston, Rumford R. F. D.
Ivan Winfield Arno, Errol, N. H.

The following limited service men are called to entrain Tuesday, Oct. 1, at 5:50 P. M., for Fort Slocum, N. Y.:

Henry Alonzo Marr, Oxford.
Charles H. Fox, Center Lovell.
Charles Henry Hirst, Mechanic Falls R. F. D.
David Keddie Wyse, Rumford.
Fred Arthur Wentworth, Waterford.
James T. Law, Rumford.
Ralph Herman Knight, Rumford.
Cecil White, Houghton.
Herbert Archie Hurd, Lovell R. F. D.
James Angus McKenna, Rumford.

Questionnaires sent out to the men of 19 and 20 and 31 to 36 are now being rapidly returned to the Oxford County board.

Maine Casualties.

Casualties reported in the official lists are as follows:

KILLED IN ACTION.

Sergt. Irving S. Nelson, Lisbon.
Pvt. Theodore Colley Williams, Thomaston.
Pvt. George E. Ryder, Livermore Falls.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Pvt. Florian Turcotte, Augusta.
Pvt. John C. Spooner, Sherman Mills.
Pvt. William S. Silver, Woodstock.

SEVERELY WOUNDED.

Corp. Harold T. Hughes, Dyer Brook.
Pvt. Harry F. Marshall, South Brewer.
Pvt. Edwin M. Irwin, Portland.

In the Canadian list are the following Maine names:

KILLED IN ACTION.

W. H. May, Lewiston.
J. D. Keith, Auburn.
F. M. Lunn, Waterford.
J. E. Gorand, Waterville.

WOUNDED.

D. L. Hagar, Kennebunkport.
W. Maheux, Lewiston.
T. Jones, Portland.
H. Liepold, Bridgton.
J. Wachon, Lewiston.
A. Guay, Lewiston.

MISSING.

A. Campbell, Pejepscot.
A. J. Lavole, Sanford.

GASSED.

H. J. Farrow, Portland.
C. Conley, Lisbon Falls.

Private William S. Silver of Woodstock, who is reported dead from wounds, was the son of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Silver of that town. He was once before, early in August, reported as having died from wounds, but this report was afterward corrected to severely wounded. Evidently his wounds proved fatal after some weeks. He was 22 years of age. He enlisted in Co. D, Second Maine, in May, 1917, and this regiment was afterward merged in the 103d Infantry.

Mr. and Mrs. Abram G. Marston of Hartford have received notice of the death of their son, Wilder Edwin Marston, from wounds. He was wounded about two months ago. He enlisted in Co. I of the old 6th Massachusetts and was transferred to Co. D, 104th Infantry. His age was 23 years. His brother, Earl H. Marston, died of pneumonia in camp at Newport, R. I., last year.

Mrs. Myron E. Farnum.

Mrs. Delia A., wife of Myron E. Farnum, of Norway, died Monday morning after an illness of only a few days with pneumonia following influenza. Mrs. Farnum was the daughter of Victor and Emma (Bourley) Mattor, and was born in Andover 28 years ago. She married Mr. Farnum Feb. 19, 1912, and they have one son. Mr. Farnum and the boy have both been ill but are improving. Mrs. Farnum was a member of Oxford Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star.

Base Ball.

West Paris base ball team won from Rumford Sept. 28, at Newry fair, 6 to 3. Other games played at fairs as follows: Canton, two games with Canton team; Oxford County fair, three games with Norway; Bethel, one game with Rumford; Shelburne, N. H., one game with Gorham, N. H. West Paris won seven out of eight games, being defeated once by Norway. All their opponents were strong teams and first-class sports. Gorham is considered one of the strongest teams in northern New Hampshire.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our friends for their beautiful floral tributes and kind acts of sympathy during our recent bereavement.

MRS. ABBIE RECORD.
MISS ANNA RECORD.
JENNIE AND FANNIE SWETT.

This year's entering class at Farmington Normal School contains not a boy. This is the first time that there has not been a boy in the entering class. The oldest member of the class is 50 years. Miss Mary Baker of Farmington, Miss Baker has been a school teacher for many years and is entering the class for a kind of post graduate course. The youngest member of the class is 15.

One-man street cars, and Sunday closing of stores which have been running wide open, are two new things for Bangor.

NORWAY.

The remains of Mrs. Elizabeth Hammond Hosmer, who died at Melrose, Mass., on the 19th, at the age of 99 years, were brought here for burial in Pine Grove Cemetery, with prayer at the grave by Rev. M. O. Baltzer. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. Ada Foss of Melrose Highlands, one son, Fred D Hosmer of Norway, and one grandson, Paul F. Hosmer, who is now in the service, stationed at Fort Levett, and was granted a furlough to attend the services. Mrs. Hosmer had spent many summers in Norway with her son, and for nine years had made her home with her daughter in Melrose. She retained her faculties to the end, and had done much knitting for the Red Cross.

Mrs. Susie S. (Cummings) Frink, who died at her home in Providence, R. I., on the 17th, at the age of 66 years, was a sister of Mrs. Fred Lovejoy and L. D. Cummings of Norway, and Mrs. Adney A. Keene of Bristol, N. H., formerly of Norway.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Swett will entertain the Parish Club of the Congregational church Tuesday evening of this week, its first meeting since the vacation season.

A school of instruction for this district of the Woman's Relief Corps was held in Woodman Hall Tuesday, with several of the department officers present, including Department Inspector Clara M. Allen of Biddeford, Junior Department President Mattie Mansur of Lewiston, Department Secretary Lena M. Day of Gorham, Past Department Inspector Mary S. Burns of Skowhegan, and Past Department Aid Alice Willis of Bethel. There were delegations present from several of the Corps in the district, and representatives of others. A picnic dinner was eaten at noon.

The engagement is announced of Dr. Donald S. Bartlett of Norway and Miss Edna Farfest Haynes of Methuen, Mass. Dr. Bartlett is the eldest son of Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Bartlett, a graduate of the Louisville College of Dentistry, Louisville, Ky., class of 1918, and expects his call to service in the Medical Reserve Corps the first of October. Miss Haynes is the daughter of Superintendent and Mrs. G. L. Haynes of Methuen, a graduate of Simmons College, and a member of the faculty this year.

For the benefit of the Red Cross and the general public, a few public-spirited citizens have arranged a course of entertainments for the coming winter. They include the Republic Quartet Oct. 10, S. Platt Jones Nov. 13, The Pierces, well known here, Dec. 13, Berkeley Sextet, a ladies' orchestra, Jan. 4, Chief Strongheart Feb. 5.

Seaman William Curtis, Jr., of Pawtucket, R. I., has been the guest of his classmate, Seaman Albert Bartlett. Both are in the Naval Reserve, and have been on duty at the Brooklyn Navy Yard during the summer. They will return to Bowdoin College to resume their course there.

Mrs. V. LaForest Thomas has closed her engagement as stenographer for the Novelty Turning Co., and gone to East Oxford to join her husband on the farm which he is running with his father, W. H. Thomas.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Packard are to move to Auburn in the immediate future, for the winter at least. Mr. and Mrs. George F. Hathaway and Mr. and Mrs. Homer Luck will occupy the rent vacated by them, and will close their home on Pleasant Street this winter.

The Public Library is again open, at the usual hours.

Charles A. Richardson has purchased the Solomon I. Millett stand on Paris Street of Arthur Hebbard and will occupy the premises at once.

Mrs. Mildred Goldthwaite has returned to her home in Auburn after spending the summer at her home on Green Street.

Warren Hills died at his home in Union a few days since, at the age of 86 years. Mr. Hills was the father of V. W. Hills of Norway, and has been a frequent visitor here. He was a tinsmith and hardware dealer, and had always resided in Union. His first wife, the mother of V. W. Hills, was Miss Jameson of Waldoboro. His second wife, who survives him, was before her marriage to Mr. Hills Mrs. Calesta Cummings.

Mrs. Clifford C. Frost has received official notice that her brother, Sergt. Albert C. Brackett of Co. D, 103d Infantry, was severely wounded in action July 23d.

Abigail Whitman Chapter, D. A. R., will meet with Mrs. Laura Sanborn Wednesday evening, Oct. 2. Program is as follows:

Roll Call—Battleships named for American Heroes.
Reading, "Tilloloy,"....Mrs. Sadie Martin
Reading, "The Cock of Tilloloy,"
Mrs. Clara Luck
Reading, 'Tilloloy Thanks,"
Mrs. Emma Holmes

The first meeting of the Barton Reading Club will be held with Mrs. George A. Brooks Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Emma E. Coburn died on the 19th at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. F. Hamlin, on Tucker Street, at the age of 67 years. Mrs. Coburn was a native of Dixfield, and a resident at Bethel until within a few years, when the family moved to Otisfield, and her husband, Spaulding Coburn, died there about a year ago. She had been visiting her sister here for a few weeks. Burial was at Bethel.

Sergt. and Mrs. Harold M. Thomas from Plattsburg, N. Y., have been spending a week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Thomas. Sergt. Thomas is in charge of the telephone repairs at the barracks at Plattsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Goodwin have returned from Poplar Tavern, Newry, where they have been in charge during the summer.

A large audience heard the lecture of Donald B. MacMillan, the Arctic explorer, given at the Opera House Friday evening, and all were delighted by it. There were many children, who were especially pleased with the slides and moving pictures illustrating the lecture, as were all others in the audience.

Disappearance of Canton Man.

Search is being made for John H. Dailey, a well known citizen of Canton, who has not been seen since 9 o'clock last Tuesday, when he left the house ostensibly to perform some duty about the farm. When dinner was ready he did not appear, and later in the day some of his friends started out to hunt him up. The next day a searching party was organized, but no trace of him has been found. He had sold quite a quantity of stock recently, but is known not to have had any amount of money with him when he left the house, in his ordinary clothing. Mr. Dailey has a wife, a daughter who is married and a granddaughter, besides other relatives.

It is just a hundred and four years ago this month that, below the Hampden Long Wharf, Penobscot river, the guns of the American corvette Adams were taken out by her commander, Charles Morris, and mounted on the heights below the wharf to oppose the advance of the British up the river at the Battle of Hampden. To keep the vessel from falling into the hands of the British, she was blown up and burned, the remains sinking just below the canoe wharf.

George L'Hostis of Boothbay Harbor was carrying a supposedly unloaded shot gun through the woods with which to exterminate some small animals reported playing pranks with the garden at his former home at Back River. The gun was discharged and he lost three fingers from his left hand.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Itching, torturing skin eruptions disfigure, annoy, drive one wild. Doan's Ointment is praised for its good work. 60c at all drug stores.

NEW ENGLAND NEWS IN TABLOID FORM

Items of Interest From All Sections of Yankeeland

Dr. H. A. Hands of North Cambridge, was stricken ill and died before medical attendance could reach him while administering to a patient in West Somerville.

Patrick J. Griffin, a centenarian on March 18, the oldest resident of Burlington, Vt., was found dead in his bed at the home of his son, John S. Griffin. He formerly resided in Hartford, Conn.

Peter Rugis was arrested in Lawrence and held for the federal authorities on a charge of making remarks defaming President Wilson, the American flag and the United States government.

It is reported that the Rockville, Ct. branch of the Daniels Manufacturing Company has been closed. Labor difficulties are said to have arisen which have forced the management to move the machinery to the plant in East Brookfield, Mass.

The Rev. John Stelk, former pastor of the Lettish Lutheran Church in Roxbury, who was arrested a few weeks ago on the charge of making disloya remarks, was discharged from custody by United States Commissioner Hayes for lack of evidence.

Abraham Koshland of Boston, president of the Boston Wool Trade Assn., has been appointed representative of the War Department for the purchase of wool in Argentine republic and Uruguay for the United States army. His assistant will be John Wilcox, also of Boston.

George C. Bailey, 78, a veteran of the Crimean and Civil wars is dead in Worcester Mass. He served with the British in the Crimean war enlisting when he was 16 years old. In the Civil War he was wounded three times. He served with the 13th Vermont Volunteers.

The Novelty Manufacturing Company of Waterbury, Ct., has been bought by the Risden Tool & Machine Company of Naugatuck, and the factories of the two concerns will be made supplementary in the manufacture of brass goods, employing together between 500 and 600 hands.

Recruiting for the Marine corps is to be resumed in Boston Oct. 1. Applicants will be received at the headquarters, 22 Tremont row, under the same conditions as heretofore and after passing the required physical examination will be reported to Washington.

The Executive Council has adopted an order directing the Massachusetts Waterways Commission to proceed to make a contract for the transfer of the dry dock in Boston harbor to the Federal Government in accordance with the terms of a proposal by Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

The following Massachusetts appointments are announced in the U. S. army from Sept. 17: First lieutenants A. G. D.—Corcoran, D. W., 707 Kimball

Bargains
IN
Women's Button Boots

We have a lot of women's button boots, which are being sold at bargain prices.

LOT NO. 1.

200 Pairs. A mixed lot Patent Leather, Gun Metal and Vici Kid. These boots would cost to-day 6.00 and 6.50. Our price now is **4.00.**

LOT NO. 2.

150 Pairs of Gun Metal, button, worth 4.50. Our price now is **3.00.** It is a good time to buy shoes now, they will be higher.

E. N. Swett Shoe Co.

Opera House Block, Telephone 38-2.

NORWAY, - - - - - MAINE

We pay postage on mail orders.

Pistol and Revolver Cartridges
for Shooting Right

FOR home defence, for hunting or for target shooting, buy the kind of cartridges the pistol and revolver experts demand and champions depend on to win—the Remington UMC "Red Ball" brand.

Knowing that a single "unaccountable" wild shot may cost him the match, one misfire in a hundred shots throw him out of his winning "form," the target champion chooses Remington UMC Cartridges.

He knows that ever since he looked down the sights of his first pistol, he has found Remington UMC Cartridges all *right*.

The old cattleman—who "packed a six-shooter till he was lopsided" and still delights in "smoking up" a thieving coyote when he gets a chance—says, "Give me Remington UMC 'Red Ball' brand cartridges every time—they shoot *right*."

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The REMINGTON ARMS UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO., Inc.
Largest Manufacturers of Firearms and Ammunition in the World
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White Shoes Are Not Only Comfortable But Very Popular This Season.

I have a large line of Ladies' White Boots in Canvas, Duck and Nubuck at $2.25, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00 and $6.50.

Ladies' White Pumps and Oxfords at $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

Also a full line for Misses and Children. They will please you both in quality and price.

W. O. FROTHINGHAM,

South Paris, Maine.

Daisy Baker's Mother Says

The best way to save flour is to use only the highest quality for all the baking you do. It means "good luck," less waste and real economy in food value.

My choice of all flours is WILLIAM TELL. The rich limestone soil of the Miami Valley in Ohio which grows the wheat from which WILLIAM TELL is made, gives it a delicious flavor and wonderful baking qualities. It takes the ache out of bake and puts the flavor in.

Ask your grocer for WILLIAM TELL—and insist upon getting it.

WILLIAM TELL FLOUR

Milled according to U.S. Food Regulations

N. D. BOLSTER CO, South Paris, Maine

Seventeen Thousand Banks.

Through the Federal Reserve System we can collect checks on seventeen thousand banks at par and in the shortest possible time.

This is important to you as a depositor as it means economy and early returns.

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EVERLASTIC ROOFING

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$1.60,-1.90,-2.25 per square

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South Paris, - - Maine.

HOMEMAKERS' COLUMN.

Correspondence on topics of interest to the ladies is solicited. Address: Editor HOMEMAKERS' COLUMN, Oxford Democrat, South Paris, Me

Use More Rolled Oats.

BEST COMBINED WITH FINE FLOURS FOR BREADS AND CAKES.

Rolled oats have long been used as a breakfast cereal in American homes, but the use of the ground rolled oats in place of wheat flour in bread and cake making is new to some people.

Oat flour is procurable on some markets, but in most cases it does not differ materially from that made in the home by grinding the rolled oats in a hand mill or through a food chopper.

Since oat flour is more granular than wheat flour, better texture can be obtained by using it in combination with one of the finer flours, such as rice flour, potato flour, or corn flour. The quick breads and yeast breads as well as the cakes and cookies made from the ground rolled oats have an excellent flavor.

Either the home-ground rolled oats or the commercial flour may be used in the recipes that follow. If you have favorite recipes of your own, use them, substituting 1 1-8 cups of the ground rolled oats for 1 cup of wheat flour. The recipes given here have been tested in the Experimental Kitchen of the Department of Agriculture, Office of Home Economics, and of the Home Conservation Division of the United States Food Administration.

SHORTCAKE

1 1-8 cups ground rolled oats
1 cup corn flour
3 teaspoons baking powder
1 teaspoon salt
4 tablespoons shortening
2 3 cup milk

Mix in order given. Bake in a sheet, split, and butter while warm. Serve with fruit as a shortcake.

MUFFINS

1 1-8 cups rolled oats
1 cup corn flour
4 teaspoons baking powder
1 teaspoon salt
1 tablespoon sugar
1 egg
1 cup milk
1 tablespoon melted fat

Variations: In place of the 1 cup of corn flour substitute 7-8 cup of rice flour or 3-4 cup of potato flour.

PASTRY

2 1-4 cups ground rolled oats
6 tablespoons fat
1 teaspoon salt
1 4 cup cold water

This makes a very tender pie crust. It may be patted on to the tin, if there is difficulty in rolling it out. For fruit pies use half barley flour.

OATMEAL FRUIT DROP COOKIES

1-2 cup sugar
1 tablespoon fat
1 4 cup corn syrup
1-2 teaspoon salt
2 eggs beaten until light
2 1-2 cups rolled oats, ground
1 2 cup dates or raisins cut in small pieces
1 teaspoon vanilla

Mix in order given. Drop by the spoonful on greased baking sheet and bake.

COCOANUT MACAROONS

In the above recipe use either the unground rolled oats or the ground, but substitute for the raisins or dates 1-2 cup of shredded cocoanut.

SCOTCH OAT WAFERS

2 1-2 cups ground rolled oats
1 4 cup milk
1-4 cup molasses
1 1-2 tablespoons fat
1-4 teaspoon soda
1 teaspoon salt

Mix and roll out in a thin sheet and cut in squares. Bake for 20 minutes in a moderate oven.

SPICE CAKE

4 tablespoons fat
3-4 cup sugar
1-2 cup milk
1 2 cup chopped raisins
1 1-4 cups rolled oats
1-2 cup barley flour
2 teaspoons baking powder
1-2 teaspoon ginger
1-2 teaspoon salt
2 teaspoons cinnamon

CHOCOLATE CAKE

1-4 cup fat
1-3 cup sugar
1 cup corn syrup
2 eggs
3-8 cup milk
1 2 cup mashed potatoes
2 squares chocolate
3 teaspoons baking powder
1 1-8 cups ground rolled oats
1 1-4 cups barley flour
1-2 teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon vanilla

Bake in loaf cake pan.

QUICK NUT BREAD

4 tablespoons corn syrup
2 eggs
2 tablespoons fat
3 4 cup liquid
1 2 cup mashed potatoes
2 cups rolled oats, ground
2 3 cup corn flour
4 teaspoons baking powder
1 teaspoon salt
1 2 cup chopped nuts

Mix in order given. Bake 1 1-4 hours in moderate oven. This makes a good sandwich bread. Raisins may be used in place of nuts.

YEAST BREAD

(Using 50 per cent wheat flour and 50 per cent substitute.)

1 1-4 cups liquid
2 teaspoons salt
1 tablespoon corn syrup
1 4 cake yeast
2 1-2 cups wheat flour
1 1-4 cups corn flour, or
1 1-8 cups rice or tapioca flour
1 3-8 cups ground rolled oats
1-2 cup mashed potatoes

Make a sponge of all the ingredients except the corn flour and the ground rolled oats. The potatoes used should be freshly mashed with no fat or milk added. The water in which the potatoes cooked can be used for the liquid. Let this sponge stand in a warm place until very light. Set the sponge overnight if dry yeast is used. Add corn flour and the ground rolled oats when the sponge is light, knead, and let rise until double in bulk. Knead again, form into loaf, and allow to rise until bulk is again double. Brush over the top of the loaf with melted fat before putting it to rise. Bake 1 1-4 hours in a hot oven. This will make one loaf. All breads made with substitute flours are better if baked in single-loaf pans or in rolls or buns.

Right Way to Cook Cereals.

There are several practical points to remember in cooking cereals. One is that there is more danger of not cooking them enough than of cooking them too much. Uncooked cereal preparations, like cracked wheat and coarse samp, need several hours' cooking, and are often improved by being left on the back of the stove or in the fireless cooker over night. Cereals partially cooked at the factory, such as the rolled or fine granular preparations, should be cooked fully as long as the directions on the package suggest.

Flavoring is also an important part of cooking cereals. The flavor most commonly added is salt. Such added flavor is perhaps less necessary in some of the ready-to-eat kinds which have been browned at the factory and have thus gained the pleasant flavor which also appears in the crust of bread and cake or in toast, but in the plain boiled cereals or mushes the careful use of salt in cooking them may make all the difference between an appetizing and an unpalatable dish. A good general rule is one level teaspoonful of salt to each quart of water used in cooking the cereal.

Cornstarch Cakes.

These are delicious and light as a feather: Half cup butter, 3 eggs, 1-2 cup sugar, 1 cup cornstarch, 1 teaspoon baking powder, flavor with lemon or vanilla. Cream butter, add sugar and mix. Add yolks of eggs and cornstarch and baking powder sifted together. Beat whites and add 1 tablespoon at a time. Put in small buttered tins, filling only half full. Bake till delicate straw color in a moderate oven.

Fighting Fourth Liberty Loan
Facts and Figures

FIVE GREAT REASONS FOR LIBERTY BONDS

1. There is today in France the greatest army that has ever fought under the American flag. Upon that army hangs the destiny of the United States. These troops had to be trained and equipped. They had to be transported to France in spite of the German submarines. In France itself the United States had to make ready for them. There were no available seaports. Adequate ports had to be created. Harbors were dredged, piers were built and equipped with all the latest devices for discharging cargoes. Vast storehouses were constructed. Railroads were built and cars and locomotives sent from the United States.

This in itself was one of the most amazing feats of the war and without it we should have had no armies at the front but small detachments filtered through the French and British lines.

The American army in France is the product not only of the military power of the United States, but of the financial, economic, industrial and agricultural power. American energy and Liberty Bonds made possible our fighting army. That army is the largest in our history and it is winning battles in France. It must be larger yet; it must win more battles. This is the first great reason for Liberty Bonds.

2. The American army is in France because the German army is in France. It is not necessary to rehearse the wrongs that were committed against the United States and humanity as part of the settled war policy of Germany, for every American knows them. Where the German army is, there the American army will be until the war is won. This is the second great reason for Liberty Bonds.

3. Failure to win a decisive victory would mean the delivery of the American people into economic bondage for generations. A fate similar to that of Russia awaits any other country that falls under the heel of Prussian military power. We must win. This is a war to end war, and only by winning the war can we end it. This is the third great reason for Liberty Bonds.

4. Only a united America, mobilized to the last man and the last dollar, can defeat a united Germany. The victory of our men in France is now your responsibility, the responsibility of every one of us. The "Fighting Fourth" Liberty Loan is our opportunity for service, and its success or failure will be regarded throughout the world as a battle won or a battle lost. We must win. This is the fourth great reason for Liberty Bonds.

5. Whoever buys a Liberty Bond is backing the Government of the United States, but he is likewise backing his home, his children, himself, everything that he has in the world. Liberty Bonds are the great reserve army without which our fighting men in France could never achieve their objective. Your country calls you to act—now. It is essential that you buy bonds to the fullest extent of your ability to save and pay for them and essential that you keep them until the war is won. It is the way to win the war. In a measure the fate of our Republic rests upon each one of us, and those of us who remain at home must match in our financial support of our Government the spirit of the men at the front who have given or are ready to give the last full measure of devotion. This is the fifth great reason for buying Liberty Bonds.

Lend the way the American soldier fights,—to the utmost.

Buy Liberty Bonds and win the war! Buy early.

LIBERAL NEW ENGLAND.

New Englanders have never lagged behind when there has been a call to patriotic duty. And now, when greater demands than ever before are made upon them they have stood loyally to the test. In the three previous issues of Liberty bonds they have bought liberally; they have bought generously of War Savings Stamps and have contributed largely to the various forms of war relief and now they are ready to subscribe to the Fighting Fourth Liberty Loan, all, and more, it is believed, than the amount assigned them. They have confidence in their Government; they will literally bank on their boys Over There and will pour out the millions so long as there is need for them to prosecute the war and bring it to a speedy, victorious end.

TEN WAR COMMANDMENTS.

Ten war commandments have been given to the people of France by the economic and social section of the League of Patriots with headquarters in Paris. They are to save, to economize, to waste nothing, all the way to the ninth when they are to "Accept without murmuring the privations which are imposed upon you. Reflect upon the sufferings of those who are fighting for you, upon the martyrdom of the population whose hearths have been devastated by the enemy"; and the tenth, "Remember that victory belongs to those who can hold out a quarter of an hour the longest."

Buyers of Fighting Fourth Liberty Bonds will help to hasten that victory.

NEW ENGLAND HONOR.

New England has brought honor to herself in the way she has absorbed the three former Liberty Loans. For the "Fighting Fourth," which begins on September 28 an even readier response is anticipated. Previous loans have furnished the sinews of war that have helped turn the tide and now that victory seems in sight there can be no doubt that not only will spare money be invested but that the future will be pledged.

LOYALTY OF NEW AMERICANS

Response of Americans of foreign birth or immediate foreign extraction to the support of the war in the Third Liberty Loan has been estimated at the national headquarters in Washington as about half, or 41½% of the entire number of persons subscribing to that loan. Their subscriptions totaled $741,487,000 or 17¾ per cent of the whole amount subscribed: As most of these citizens are not of the so-called possessing class but of the non-possessing mass this is regarded as a gratifying amount indicating the loyalty of these persons to the land of the Stars and Stripes.

By taking at random detailed reports of the 38 different nationalities throughout the United States, about 10,000 individual subscriptions established an average of a fraction over $105 per person. Taking this average as a basis the number of individuals of foreign birth or immediate foreign extraction subscribing to the loan was about 7,061,305.

The nationalities represented by these subscribers included the Scottish, Albanian, Armenian, Assyrian, Belgian, Bohemian, Chinese, Bulgarian, Croatian, Danish, French, Finnish, German, English, Greek, Hollandish, Hungarian, Italian, Japanese, Jewish, Jugoslavs, Lithuanians, Lettish, Norwegian, Polish, Roumanian, Ruthenian, Portuguese, Russian, Serbian, Slovenian, Swedish, Swiss, Scandinavian, Syrian, Ukranian.

As the war goes on and the need seems greater there is no doubt that these newer Americans will subscribe as liberally as the older ones to the Fourth Liberty Loan. They appreciate more than ever before the ideals of the United States and have become convinced that they are vastly more substantial than dreams for is not the country pouring out her youth, dividing her food even to the extent of pinching herself and turning over her vast industries, all for the purpose of making those ideals real to the rest of humanity?

BOYS AND GIRLS TO BUY BONDS

It is hoped that every school boy and girl in New England will buy a "Fighting Fourth" Liberty bond, each one paying for it, out of earnings. It takes such a lot of money to carry on this great war every penny that can be put into it is needed. There is plenty of money in the world. The thing is to get it into the hands of Uncle Sam so that he may turn it over in one form or another to the soldiers. There must be guns and bombs and battleships, submarines and airplanes and there must be also things to wear and things to eat. The soldiers must be trained and they must be gotten across. There are in fact, so many things to spend money for it is impossible to count them all.

The important thing for everybody to do seems to be to get money together and then lend it to Uncle Sam. This means that money must be saved and that money must be earned. It can be saved by taking care of our clothes so as to make them last as long as they possibly can, by furbishing up the old instead of getting new and by buying only what we positively must have.

There are so many ways for boys and girls to earn money these days it seems as though every one ought to be able to earn $1 week for a $50 bond. There are things to be made and sold, chores to be done, errands to run. If every boy and girl will stop to think it seems to be almost certain that each one will find plenty of things to be done in his town, or his neighborhood, or his home, to help him earn all or nearly all the money. What he don't earn or save can perhaps be supplemented from previous savings.

WHAT YOU SUBSCRIBE FOR.

When you subscribe to a Fighting Fourth Liberty Loan bond you subscribe to the sentiment that the world must be made safe for democracy and subscribe to the fund that is to make the world safe for democracy. You subscribe to the belief that innocent women and children on unarmed ships shall not be sent to the bottom of the sea; that women and children and old men shall not be ravished and tortured and murdered under the plea of military necessity; that nurses shall not be shot for deeds of mercy, nor hospital ships be sunk without warning, or hospitals and unfortified cities be bombed or cannonaded with long-range guns.

FIGHTING FOURTH RALLYING SONG.

By Marion K. Parker.

Pile on the wagon, old and young,
For the Fourth great L. B. Drive:
Give, give, give for Uncle Sam,
Let the World know you're alive.

Chorus:

For we must get old Kaiser Bill,
We're bound to beat the Hun;
To do it good and plenty
Will take a lot of mun.
YES, money, money, money,
Hard cash from every one.

Then find that pocket in the shirt,
That stocking leg explore;
Bring Uncle Sam the contents
Besides a little more.

Let Sister bring her little purse,
Let Brother break his bank;
Each family must buy a bond
To down the "Kultur" Krank.

Chorus:

Then we will SURE get Kaiser Bill,
We're BOUND to beat the Hun;
To do it good and plenty
Will take a lot of mun.
Yes, money, money, money,
Hard cash from every one.

Cares for War Dog Veterans.

War dogs discharged from active service with glorious wounds are being cared for by Countess Yourkevich in charming surroundings in the Rue Chauveau, Neully-sur-Seine, reports a Paris dispatch.

The Old Brigade includes Pax, who four times saved his master's life; Dick of the Somme, who had a leg amputated after a heroic exploit; Dick of the Yser, whose regimental officers decorated him with the Croix de Guerre.

Altogether the countess is caring for nearly six hundred dogs who have been the devoted companions of stretcher bearers and the friends of the poilus.

Already these faithful heroes are fasting as a result of food restrictions and with the more severe regime of bread cards there are fresh clouds gathering on their horizon.

Brave Act Rewarded.

Arthur G. Palmer, a water tender attached to the United States ship O'Brien was overboard and struggling in the water. A strong ebb tide was running and Palmer had all he could do to keep from going down. At the moment when he was near exhaustion David Goldman, a machinist's mate, second class, jumped overboard and, beating his way through the rough water, reached the man and brought him to safety. He has been commended by the secretary of the navy for this action. Goldman enlisted in the navy in 1911 at San Francisco.

Pay your debt to Liberty! Three million women, children and men needed in the Fighting Fourth to stand behind our fighting men and to help the Allies who gloriously held the line until our boys got there and broke it! They give all! Can you withhold your dollars? Lend to Uncle Sam! Invest to your last dollar in Liberty Bonds! You gave your boys—you give your dollars. Make their sacrifice worth while. Buy Fourth Liberty Bonds the first day, at any bank, cash or instal.

Puzzling the Kaiser.

"Dere's one t'ing puzzles me," said the kaiser.

"Vot's dot, eggsellency?" asked an underling.

"Did dose Yanks sbending all dere time making money und inventioning fine machines for us to swipe venever did dey learn how to fight de way dey do?"

HOOVER PRAISES WORK OF COUNTY ADMINISTRATORS

Householders Urged to Continue Food Conservation to Build Up Reserve Supplies For Future Need.

Orono, Maine, September—County Food Administrators in the State of Maine are accorded a very complimentary recognition by United States Food Administrator Herbert Hoover, in a telegram received by Leon S. Merrill, Federal Food Administrator for this state. Mr. Hoover wires:

"I wish you would express to each county food administrator in your State the great appreciation we all have for the fine service they have given our common task I was particularly struck by the repeated occasions during our recent conference, when such expressions arose as 'We can and must depend upon our county administrators for that', or 'Our county food administrators will put that over', or 'Our county administrators have done this or that'. All these expressions recalled to me the relations of the army staff to the men on the firing line and I wish you would take opportunity to thank them in my name for their great service to their country and her people at home."

Administrator Merrill has forwarded to each of the county administrators of the State this expression of official recognition, with a similar expression of his own appreciation of that work that has made Maine conspicuous in the food production and conservation efforts.

LOVE OF COUNTRY.

America is not rationed. Her people have been asked, however to keep within two pounds of sugar per person per month for table and cooking use. In a public restaurant the other day, a man was seen to empty the contents of the envelope of sugar furnished him and then nonchalantly supplement this supply with a very generous helping from a large sized envelope of sugar which he drew from an inside pocket. There was no outward sign of any feeling of guilt.

He thought nothing about it. He cared less. He merely knew that he wished three spoonfuls of sugar in his coffee and could get but one at the restaurant. Therefore he would buy extra sugar and carry it around with him. Is that man true to his country?

England is on a sugar ration. The wife of the British Food Controller remarked recently that she and her husband and the housekeeper were saving the whole of their sugar ration for jam making. They go without it in their coffee and use substitutes in cooking.

In this way enough sugar has been saved to can a gross and a half tins of fruit. This is used for the invalided who they have in their home. This is a real love of country.

CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold Everywhere.

Reported from Defiance, Ohio.—"Going to France?" asked a traveling man at the station of a negro soldier.

"No, sah! I'se not going to France," replied the dusky soldier. "I'se going to Berlin, but I may stop in France for a showt time on de way."

TOOK OUT DREADFUL SORENESS

When the kidneys are weakened and fail to throw impurities out of the blood, the poison remains in the system and backache, soreness and rheumatic pains develop. Mrs. David Henry, 65 S. Lincoln Ave., Washington, N. J., writes: "Foley Kidney Pills took the dreadful soreness out of my limbs and I walk good." Sold Everywhere.

"What's on the menu, waiter?"

"Well, madam, a few articles of food are mentioned; but most of the space is taken up with government instructions on what not to eat."—London Opinion

COUGHED SO HE COULDN'T SLEEP

Bronchial coughs, tickling in throat and asthmatic spasms break one's rest and weaken one so that the system is run down and serious sickness may result. Enos Halbert, Paoli, Ind., writes: "I had a severe cold and coughed continually at night; could hardly sleep. Foley's Honey and Tar cured my cough." Sold Everywhere.

"I think he got mad over nothing. I did mail him a letter marked: 'Dictated but not read.'"

"Well?"

He sent back a card saying: "Yours received, and thrown into the waste basket."

DON'T YOU NEED ONE NOW?

Indigestion, biliousness, bad breath, gas, constipation or any condition arising from a mass of undigested food in the stomach needs immediate attention. Foley Cathartic Tablets are mild and gentle, but sure in action. Cause no griping, pain or nausea. Cleanse bowels, sweeten stomach, tone up liver. Sold Everywhere.

A former railroad brakeman, now serving in France, was bringing in a bunch of prisoners.

"What have you there?" inquired an officer whom he met back of the lines.

"Just a string of empties, sir!" was the prompt reply.

A MAN'S CHEERFUL RECOMMENDATION

W. H. Frear, 63 Myrtle Ave., Albany, N. Y., writes: "I thought kidney trouble might be the cause of my run-down condition and weakness, so I took Foley Kidney Pills, and they did the work. I cheerfully recommend them." They relieve lame back, rheumatic pains, stiff joints, sore muscles. Sold Everywhere.

Customer (to waiter who had brought him a beefsteak very much underdone)—Waiter, just send for the butcher, will you?

Waiter—Why, sir?

Customer—This steak doesn't seem to be quite dead yet!

STOPPED HER BABY'S COUGH

No remedy is better known than Foley's Honey and Tar for giving quick relief from coughs, colds and croup. Mrs. W. M. Stevens, Vivian, W. Va., writes: "My baby had a terrible cough, and nothing did him any good. I read about Foley's Honey and Tar, the first dose helped him and in two days the cough stopped." Sold Everywhere.

HENDERSON-CLEVELAND Motorcycles

Sales and Service Station.

J. N. OSWELL,

Western Avenue, - South Paris.

Eyes Examined for Glasses.

SAMUEL RICHARDS

Licensed Optometrist and Optician

SOUTH PARIS, - - MAINE

Mothers Thank Us

Keep your growing girls free from colds and weakening coughs and you are helping them to healthy vigorous womanhood. Thousands of mothers have written letters of thanks, telling what

Foley's Honey and Tar

has done for their daughters in ridding them of coughs that "hung on" and weakened them just at the age when the young girls required all the physical strength they could command.

Foley's Honey and Tar is noted for its quick effect on coughs, colds and croup. Mrs. Ada Sanders, Cottentown, Tenn., writes:—"We use Foley's Honey and Tar as our best and only cough remedy. It never fails to cure our two girls when they have colds."

Sold Everywhere

VULCANIZING.

Special attention given to autotire blowouts, sand blisters, cuts and loose treads.

All kinds of inner tube work satisfactorily and promptly done.

GILBERT M. SMALL,

Stony Brook Road, South Paris, Me

BUSINESS Educations

is offered to-day should include instruction in all the *Commercial Branches, Shorthand* and *Typewriting* and the Burroughs Automatic Bookkeeping Machine.

The SHAW BUSINESS COLLEGE

PORTLAND, BANGOR AND AUGUSTA is the only school in New England which offers such a course. Telegraphy also taught. Free catalogue. F. L. SHAW, President.

27-39

Bilious relief

If you are really bilious you may feel cold, languid, depressed and have a bad tasting mouth,—or you may be feverish, have a headache, and feel ACTUALLY SICK. In either case, you'll have no desire to eat. The one remedy that has helped thousands of bilious people out of this unhealthy condition is the true "L.F." Atwood Medicine. If you are having bilious symptoms you should begin to use it at once, a teaspoonful as directed. You'll improve from the first dose and in a short time this stomach and liver tonic will restore your appetite, strength, and regular daily bowel action. — Buy only the genuine "L.F." Atwood's, made by L. F. Medicine Co., Portland, Me.

1¢ A DOSE

Orchard Farm
FOR SALE.

100 acres, 40 acres smooth level fields, 60 acres of wood and pasture, 400 apple trees. This farm must be sold at once. Price $2500. Also 15 acre poultry farm for sale. Good buildings, large poultry house. Will keep 2 cows and horse, small wood lot. Price $850. $200 down, balance on easy terms. For sale by

L. A. BROOKS,

Real Estate Agent

South Paris, - Maine.

GRAY'S Business College and School of Shorthand and Typewriting PORTLAND, MAINE Gregg and Pitman Systems Send for free Catalogue ADDRESS FRANK L. GRAY

35-46

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of LEROY L. LIBBY, of Mexico, Bankrupt } In Bankruptcy

To the creditors of Leroy L. Libby of Mexico, in the County of Oxford and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of Sept., A. D. 1918, the said Leroy L. Libby was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the Referee, No. 8 Market Square, South Paris, Maine, on the 2d day of Oct., A. D. 1918, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

South Paris, Sept. 16, 1918.

WALTER L. GRAY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

38-40

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of GEORGE W. BERRY, of Rumford, Bankrupt } In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of George W. Berry of Rumford, in the County of Oxford and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of Sept., A. D. 1918, the said George W. Berry was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of the Referee, No. 8 Market Square, South Paris, Maine, on the 2d day of October, A. D. 1918, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

South Paris, Sept. 21, 1918.

WALTER L. GRAY, Referee in Bankruptcy

39-40

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of

DORA B. GREENE, late of Paris, in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

EDWARD L. GREENE, South Paris, Maine.

Sept. 17, 1918. 39-41

"FIGHTING FOURTH" LIBERTY LOAN

Begins SEPTEMBER 28th

Get ready; save to buy; buy early

Is Your Home Protected?

This matter of lightning rods should be a personal one with you.

Is *your* home protected?

If not, can you afford to take the chances of its destruction?

You may have been spared up to this time, but give it a moment's thought and see whether it has not been through your good fortune rather than through your good management.

You have no assurance that lightning will continue to spare you.

It has visited your neighbors. Your turn may come next. If it should visit your home, it means certain destruction of property. It may mean sudden death to you or to some member of your family.

You cannot shift the responsibility. It is a matter for you to decide. Face the issue squarely, and ask yourself the question whether you are playing the part of the prudent man in neglecting to guard your home and dear ones from the lightning stroke which may come at any time.

You have the highest assurances that can be given the Dodd System of lightning rods does give protection.

It is a reasonable system. The demonstrations put its effectiveness beyond question.

The position that the insurance companies have taken in the matter should have great weight with you.

Their interests are to preserve property. They have no personal interests in Dodd & Struthers.

Your interests are the same. You want to preserve your property—and your life and the lives of your family.

The insurance companies are encouraging you to protect your property.

But they cannot force you to act. It is a question for you and a question of NOW.

After awhile may be too late.

Will you answer the question to your own best interests.

Then if in doubt telephone to A. W. Walker & Son for a demonstration, and estimate on your buildings.

A. W. WALKER & SON,

AGENTS

South Paris, - - - - Maine.

Meat Will Win

Your greatest concern these days is as to whether or not YOU can keep health and strength up to the highest point of efficiency.

Our Meats Will Win Health and Strength

We wouldn't make this assertion if we didn't know that the high quality of our Meats cannot be surpassed anywhere.

Our meats give you pleasure and profit—the pleasure derived from palatable food, and the profit derived from real, vital strength that you get from them.

Come to us for strength-giving food with which to win YOUR war.

South Paris Cash Market,

Tel. 27-14 SOUTH PARIS, MAINE.

Take Notice All Who Wish to Buy a PIANO

And Get the Best Value for Their Money.

Here is your opportunity to get the best trade in your life in a piano that has been used six months or less.

We have in stock ten nice pianos that have been rented the past season, all new in April and May except one. These trades are always in demand and we trust you will call early.

Send for catalogue and terms.

W. J. Wheeler & Co.,

South Paris, - - - Maine

Has the War Taught You to Save?

It's a patriotic duty you owe your country and yourself. Whether you invest in War Saving Stamps or Liberty Bonds you must first save money. The best way is to deposit a regular amount each week or each month.

Join the Home Guard of Systematic Savers

ONE DOLLAR STARTS AN ACCOUNT

South Paris Savings Bank

J. HASTINGS BEAN, Pres. JAMES S. WRIGHT, Vice-Pres.
GEORGE M. ATWOOD, Treas.

Trustees—N. Dayton Bolster, Wm. J. Wheeler, J. Hastings Bean, A. W Walker, Henry D. Hammond, James S. Wright, Edward W. Penley, Harry D. Cole.

Garden and Flowering Plants

ASTERS, PANSIES and many other bedding plants. TOMATO and CELERY plants, etc.

E. P. CROCKETT, Florist

Telephone 111-3 Porter Street, South Paris

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Jeweler and Optometrist

THE FINEST AND BEST STOCKED JEWELRY STORE IN TOWN

Repairing at Reasonable Prices

Our optical department is by far the best equipped in this part of Oxford County.

Lenses matched, frames repaired without sending out of town.

Correct time daily by wireless from Washington, D. C. Watch inspector for Grand Trunk R. R.

Opera House Block, - Norway, Maine

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher